FD-36

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Transmit the following Teletype message to:

WASH (5) FROM ST. LOUIS 8-7-52 _____PM PFD:MMK TELETYPE

DIRECTOR . . . . URGENT

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE,

IS DASH X. RE CONVENTION ATTENDED BY [redacted] b7D

[redacted], CGO, ILL JULY FOUR, FIVE AND SIX, LAST., HELDD

FOR PURPOSE OF FOUNDING ABOVE CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION.

APPARENTLY CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION WILL EXIST IN NAME ONLY

AND MEMBER ORGANIZATIONS WILL SHOW AFFILIATION WITH NAAWP

RETAINING INDIVIDUAL IDENTITY AND CHARACTER. MEMBERSHIP IN

MEMBER ORGANIZATION WILL AUTOMATICALLY MAKE INDIVIDUAL A

MEMBER OF NAAWP. NO ACTIVE ORGANIZATION NAAWP IN SL. WILL

BE FOLLOWED IN INVESTIGATION OF AFFILIATED ORGANIZATION HERE.

BUREAU SUTEL NAME OF OFFICE OF ORIGIN OF NAAWP SO INFORMANT'S

REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS MAY BE COMPILED IN LETTER TO BUREAU

WITH CC FOR OO AND INTERESTED OFFICES. LITERATURE OBTAINED

BY INFORMANT WILL BE FORWARDED BUREAU FOR COPIES TO BE

MADE FOR BUREAU AND OFFICE OF ORIGIN OF PARTICIPATING

ORGANIZATIONS. TO BE RETURNED SL OFFICE AS EVIDENCE.

THORNTON

END

New-dead 105-394-1

cc 66-1935

W

Approved:_____ Sent_____M Per_____

Special Agent in Charge

FD-141
(7-1-48)

BULKY EXHIBIT

Date received 1/30/53

National Assn for Advancement of White People. IS-X
(Title of case)

Submitted by Special Agent Donegan

Source from which obained Bureau

Address

Purpose for which acquired Evidence

Location of bulky exhibit CCO

Estimated date of disposition to be retained

Ultimate disposition to be made of exhibit ~~Co~~ indefinite retention

List of contents:

1. Micro film containing photographs of documents furnished by [redacted] b7D

105-394-1B1

SEARCHED ..... INDEXED .....
SERIALIZED ..... FILED .....
FEB 17 1953
FBI - ST. LOUIS

ST. LOUIS 9 FROM WASH DC 8 226 PM

SAC U R G E N T

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, IS DASH X.

REURTEL AUGUST SEVEN INSTANT. CHICAGO ORIGIN.

HOOVER

HOLD PLS

nlh

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ...
SERIALIZED ... FILED ...
AUG 8 1952
FBI - ST. LOUIS

105-394-2

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 8-25-52

FROM : SAC, ST. LOUIS (105-394)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE
Aka, Allied American Association
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

[redacted] of known reliability, who is a [redacted] b7D
[redacted]
has furnished the following information concerning the above captioned organization.

It should be noted that the Citizens Protective Association is an organization which was formed in St. Louis by JOHN W. HAMILTON, who was formerly affiliated with the Christian Nationalist Party. The main purpose of the Citizens Protective Association, whose activities have been local in nature, is the advancement of the white race and it is strongly anti-Negro.

PFD:dw

cc: SL 100-10834, CPA
SL 66-1935A
SL 105-283, Peter Xavier

5 - Atlanta
([redacted]) b6
(1 National Patrick Henry Organization) b7C
([redacted])
(1 Liberty Party)
(1 Christian Civic League of America)
1 - Boston
2 - Cincinnati
(1 Peter Xavier)
(1 National Security League)
4 - Chicago
(1 Jos. Beauharnais)
(1 White Circle League)
([redacted])
(1 The White American Party)
1 - Detroit
1 - Kansas City
2 - Los Angeles
(1 Liberty Party)
(1 George D. Higgins)
1 - Miami
1 - Minneapolis

105-394-3

DIRECTOR, FBI

COPIES CONTINUED

1 - Newark
1 - New Haven
3 - New York
([redacted]) b6 b7C
(1 New York Anti-Communist League)
(1 New York File 105-2528, Peter Xavier)
1 - Omaha
1 - San Antonio
1 - Springfield
1 - Washington Field

DIRECTOR, FBI 8-2-52

[redacted] was invited to attend a convention at Chicago, Illinois, July 4, 5, 6, 1952, by JOHN W. HAMILTON who stated that its purpose was to found an organization on a national basis to be known as the "National Association For The Advancement of White People" and that this new organization would consolidate groups similar to that of the Citizens Protective Association throughout the country. b7D

[redacted] attended this convention which was held at the Como-Inn Restaurant and Hall, 546 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, and furnished the following information both orally and by written report to SA PHILIP F. DONEGAN on 7-20-52. The informant's report is maintained in SL file 66-1935A. b7D

It was voted that the convention should be called "The Nationalist Convention of America" and it was stated that the purpose of the convention was: 1. To support General DOUGLAS MacARTHUR for President of the United States; 2. To also support GEORGE D. HIGGINS for President on the Liberty Party ticket in order that he would be able to obtain radio time; 3. To found a new organization which would consolidate the organizations present into a nation wide group. The chairman of the convention was JOSEPH BEAUHARNAIS of Chicago, Illinois, and the co-chairman was PETER L. XAVIER of Dayton, Ohio.

BEAUHARNAIS stated at the opening of the convention that the Como-Inn Restaurant had given them the hall without charge, provided that the delegates to the convention ate their meals at the restaurant. The informant stated that the delegates ate their meals in a private dining room throughout the convention.

[redacted] who, according to the informant, was the [redacted] acted as secretary of the convention. Posters hung on the walls of the convention hall denounced the United Nations, the Communists, taxes, Negroes and Jews. The informant registered for the convention with [redacted] and was informed by her that all of the speeches to be made at the convention were going to be recorded on a sound tape recorder. b6 b7C

The first speaker at the July 4th session was GEORGE D. HIGGINS of Los Angeles, California, who announced that he is the candidate for President of the United States on the

Liberty Party ticket. HIGGINS stated that his purpose is to warn the American people of the grave danger which threatens them, their liberty and their republic; to set forth the true nature and cause of the crises and to prescribe an adequate remedy. He stated that the United States has been taken over by the Rothschild International Banking Monopoly, frequently called the "Money Power," which includes the Federal Reserve Monopoly. He stated that the republic of the United States is dead and that the Constitution, with its Bill of Rights, has been thrown into discord by the Rothschild money power. He continued that this money power has substituted in place of the republic of the United States an oligarchy of their own, which is the United Nations organization. He stated that by joining the UN the US is selling itself into a permanent bonded debt. HIGGINS stated that he advocates repudiating all Gold Certificates and the retiring of all Federal Reserve Notes and that Congress should then print debt free currency. He stated that the Income Tax Law should be abolished and that the Farm Relief Act and the Taft-Hartley Act, which are both tools of the money power, must be repealed. He claimed that the U.S. is using all of these things to bring about inflation and that when the value of the dollar is low enough to create panic, they will tell the people that the only way to save the U.S. is to join the United Nations, and that the U.N. will then put us in poverty.

The next speaker was Mrs. ED C. ALUMBAUGH, who is the editor of a monthly newspaper called "The Spider," at Macon, Georgia. According to the informant, she made a plea for taking the United States out from under the international banking power. She advocated changing the money system presently in use in this country and stated that her group is backing General DOUGLAS MacARTHUR for President because, if elected, he would abolish our present money system.

C. DANIEL KURTZ, State Director of the New York Anti-Communist League, spoke and explained that he has been speaking on the street corners of New York City for years and that he had made several speeches in the Rockaway Beach area, which had resulted in his arrest. KURTZ presented an attack against the Jewish race and stated that if the Jewish people were not run out of this county they would soon take over.

DIRECTOR, FBI 8-25-52

The evening session on July 4, 1952 was addressed by PETER L. XAVIER of Dayton, Ohio who acted as co-chairman of the convention. He spoke about the United Nations during which he vigoriously attacked the U.N. and stated that, in his opinion, the U.N. is unconstitutional. XAVIER stated that he had been discharged from the Army because he stood in front of the U.N. Building in New York City, threw the U.N. flag on the ground and called the President a traitor. He claimed that one day he would be reinstated in the Army and at this time he would fight for his Army pay since the time of his discharge.

Another speaker was CONDE McGINLEY, editor of the newspaper "Common Sense" which is published twice monthly at Union, New Jersey. He strongly attacked the Jewish race, stating that all of our troubles are rooted in the Jews because they are the ones behind the Russians. He stated that he is now devoting his full time to the publishing of "Common Sense," which has reached nation wide circulation. McGINLEY described several attempts which have been made on his life and on the lives of his employees. He stated that these attacks, as well as other attacks against his printing plant, were made by "Communist Jews" who sought to stop the publication of "Common Sense."

At the first session on July 5, 1952, which convened at 11:00 a.m., PETER XAVIER acted as chairman. The session opened with GEORGE D. HIGGINS of Los Angeles leading in the pledge of allegiance to the flag, which was followed by prayers lead by JOHN W. HAMILTON of St. Louis. The first speaker was a Miss WALKER from the State of Iowa, who was one of three sisters present at the convention. She talked against the Farm Bureau and stated that the Farm Bureau was taking the farmers away from God. She stated that the Government was making the farmer lazy by letting him plant only certain crops and that this was ruining the farms as well as the farmer.

The next speaker was C. DANIEL KURTZ of New York City, who presented another attack against the Jewish people. According to the informant, KURTZ did little more than repeat his remarks of the previous day.

The next speaker was JOHN W. HAMILTON from the Citizens Protective Association, St. Louis, Missouri. He attacked the

Negro race, stating that the Negro is a backward man and always will be backward. He stated that the Negro has eaten the heart out of St. Louis where a minority group has dictated the policy, kangaroo courts were in session, and the Negroes get off very lightly for their crime. He stated that two Negroes had gotten very light sentences in the killing of an Overland, Missouri policeman and that they would be eligible for parole in five years. HAMILTON stated that the people of St. Louis were going to begin to do something about Negroes and that this was one situtation that the people were going to stop. HAMILTON urged that all of the groups represented at the convention unite in order that they might do something about fighting the Negro situation all over the country.

Another speaker was a Mr. LANDIS from Dayton, Ohio, who spoke in favor of abolishing all taxes. He stated that he and a group of others had attempted to have an earnings tax outlawed in Dayton because it had not been voted upon by the people. He stated, however, that it was later passed by a vote of the people of Dayton. LANDIS stated that he wrote one hundred letters to people who would have to pay the earnings tax, but who would not benefit from it since they resided outside of Dayton. He stated that in these letters he asked these people to attend a meeting to discuss the situation but that only one person arrived to attend the meeting. He stated that this was an example of the fact that the American people are just stupid about such matters.

The main speaker at the evening session on July 5, 1952, was JOSEPH BEAUHARNAIS, leader of the White Circle League at Chicago, Illinois. He discussed the Cicero, Illinois riot and stated that the owner of the property which caused the incident, Mrs. DeROSE, had called upon him for help. He stated that Mrs. DeROSE had by mistake retained a Negro attorney to defend her in a case with the rent control office. He stated that this attorney and his associates gained control of Mrs. DeROSE's property and employed a Negro couple to pretend they were going to move into the apartment house. By this means, the Negro attorney hoped to get $120,000 for the property which was valued at $60,000. BEAUHARNAIS stated that Mrs. DeROSE then employed a second attorney to sue the Negro attorney and that when this case came up in court Mrs. DeROSE was jailed for contempt of court. BEAUHARNAIS stated that he and the parents of Mrs. DeROSE attempted to post bond for her and found that she had been placed in a mental institution. He stated that Mrs. DeROSE was not given an opportunity to speak in her own

behalf and that he was going to do all in his power to help Mrs. DeROSE.

At the conclusion of his speech, BEAUHARNAIS stated that all of the speeches being made at the convention were being sound recorded "because we may have to use it in court someday." He added that the recordings would be made available to the member organizations in order that they might be played at local meetings.

According to the informant, the first speaker at the July 6, 1952 session was a Mr. LAMBERT from Chicago, Illinois who related how the Woodlawn section of Chicago was being overrun with Negroes. He stated that he had owned a restaurant in this section and that the Negroes often left without paying for their meals. He stated that on one occasion a Negro woman left without paying and in addition to this she struck and cursed him, and the following day brought him into court and sued him for $20. He stated that several days later a Negro woman left without paying but he made no effort to stop her because he said he would get no backing from the police. He stated that all of the Woodlawn residents have had to stand by and watch their stores being broken into and robbed because the police do nothing to help them. He stated that for this reason he and other Woodlawn residents were supporting the anti-Negro "White Circle League" in Chicago.

The next speaker was LEWIS KLENKE of Edwardsville, Illinois, who is a member of the Board of Directors of the newspaper "The Farmers' Voice," published by the United Farmers of America, Incorporated. He spoke against the use of artificial fertilizer and insect sprays and stated that his organization was against the use of medicines and the fluoridation of water systems. He stated that the people were being forced to use these artificial aids as part of a deep rooted plot to weaken them so that they could be easily overcome.

The informant stated that at the last session of the convention many resolutions were introduced and adopted. It was stated that a copy of these would later be sent to all those delegates in attendance. In summary, these resolutions indicated that the organization would be anti-Negro, anti-Jewish, anti-Farm Bureau, anti-tax system and against the present monetary system in this country. The informant advised that a discussion took place concerning the name to be adopted by the

organization. After the introduction and discussion of several names, the name selected was "National Association For The Advancement of White People." However, the informant was later advised by JOHN W. HAMILTON that after the convention had ended the leaders of several participating organizations met and decided that the name selected at the convention should be changed inasmuch as it might be confused with the National Association For The Advancement of Colored People. HAMILTON stated that it was decided to change the name from "National Association For The Advancement of White People" to "The Allied American Association."

According to the informant, it was not made clear at the convention whether the new organization would have a headquarters which would direct its activities or whether it would be an organization in name only, with all activities carried on through the member organizations. It was stated, however, that the participating organizations would retain their present name and character but that their letterheads would be changed to show affiliation with the "National Association For The Advancement Of White People." According to the informant, it appears that the participating organizations will all adopt the platform of the new organization. The informant stated that most of the delegates present appeared to be friends of long standing and indicated that they were in constant communication with each other.

[redacted] was further advised by JOHN W. HAMILTON that there were delegates from about thirty states present at the convention. However, the informant observed that there were never more than thirty-five people present at any one session of the convention. It was also stated during the convention that there were to be approximately fifty organizations joining together to form the "National Association For The Advancement Of White People," but, according to the informant, not all of these were represented at the convention. b7D

Informant stated that JOSEPH BEAUHARNAIS indicated that the names of the participating organizations would be made available at a later date, at which time a list of the resolutions passed would also be made available to those who had attended.

Inasmuch as there is no organization known as the "National Association For The Advancement Of White People" or "The Allied

American Association" in St. Louis at the present time, the activities of this organization will be followed through the investigation presently being conducted concerning the Citizens Protective Association in St. Louis.

The following exhibits, which were obtained by the informant at the Nationalist Convention, were personally furnished to SA PHILIP F. DONEGAN by [redacted] on July 20, 1952. These exhibits will be forwarded to the Bureau for photographing in order that copies might be made available to interested offices. The original exhibits are being maintained as Exhibit #1 through Exhibit #37 in St. Louis file 66-1935A in 1-B-1 Section, corresponding to the order in which they are set out below. b7D

1. Copy of May 29, 1952 issue of newspaper "Dayton Independent" published weekly by the Independent Press, 16 South Patterson, Dayton 2, Ohio.

2. Two copies of a reprint from the "Dayton Independent," dated June 7, 1951. This four page reprint contains articles entitled "Communism Can Be Destroyed Overnight" and "New York Anti-Communist League Marches Into Battle With The Red Menace in New York" which is mainly devoted to praise of the work of C. DANIEL KURTZ, State Director of the New York Anti-Communist League and which appeals to everyone in New York State to join this organization.

3. Four issues of "The Spider" published monthly at 1326 Ross Street, Macon, Georgia, Mrs. ED C. ALUMBAUGH, Editor. Issues for March, 1951, September, 1951, February, 1952 and May, 1952.

4. Six copies of the newspaper "The Farmers' Voice," published monthly at Zumbrota, Minnesota by the United Farmers of America, Incorporated. MARTIN TONGEN, Editor. Issues for January through June, 1952.

5. Three copies of "The White Sentinel," official organ of the National Citizens Protective Association, JOHN W. HAMILTON, Editor. Published

monthly at St. Louis, Missouri. Issues for April, May and June, 1952, containing articles anti-Negro in character.

6. Two copies of the newspaper "Common Sense," which states that it is the nation's anti-Communist newspaper, published twice monthly at 2001 Pleasant Parkway, Union, New Jersey. CONDE McGINLEY, Editor. Issues for March 15, 1952 and May 1, 1952.

7. Two copies of a four page advertisement published by the "American Heritage Protective Association," P.O. Box 2187, San Antonio, Texas. This advertises booklets, folders, pamphlets and letters previously published by this organization.

8. Four page printed announcement by GEORGE D. HIGGINS, announcing his candidacy for President of the United States on the Liberty Party ticket. (233 South Broadway, Los Angeles 12, California.) The platform of HIGGINS, as summarized from this announcement, is "The immediate termination by the U.S. of all relations with the U.N., the reputiating of all the bonds owned by the International Rothschild Money Power; reputiate all Gold Certificates and retire all Federal Reserve Notes, abolish bank credit, repeal the Federal Reserve Act, prohibit international banking by private individuals. Repeal all Federal financial laws; the demonetization of gold; the reputiation and abolition of all interest; the repeal of the income tax law and repeal of the sixteenth amendment; an amendment whereby the people by a majority vote and only in case of defense shall declare war; a constitutional amendment which would establish National Federal Initiative, Referendum and Recall throughout the U.S.; the revision and abolishment of militarism, Imperialism, Communism and Internationalism by the people of the U.S.; withdrawal of American troops from Korea and all foreign countries; reputiate, terminate and abolish the present foreign policy of the U.S., including the Atlantic Act; the

abolishment of all Government control regulations for interference in the business or affairs of the farmers; the repeal of the income tax and withholding tax; repeal of the Taft-Hartley Act and all legislation which places labor under the domination and control of the money power of the Government of the U.S; the immediate repeal of the Universal Training Act, the Selective Service Act and all compulsory military service."

9. One copy of an eight page reprint from the April, 1952 American Mercury Magazine entitled, "Freedom's Case Against Dean Acheson," by FELIX WITTMER.

10. One page reprint of a radio program broadcast over WWPF, Palatka, Florida, December 7, 1949, by L. P. DeWOLF, entitled, "The Florida Citrus Industry and Its Relation to Our National Economy," which is a criticism of the laws allowing artificial coloring of citrus fruit, and stating that the only organization which offers an opportunity for the study of farm problems is the United Farmers of America, Incorporated.

11. Two copies of a flier "Georgia State Money Convention," at Baptist Tabernacle, Columbus, Georgia, February 17, 1952.

12. One page flier published by the New York Anti-Communist League, P.O. Box 37, St. Albans, New York, containing an open letter to President TRUMAN requesting that he order ANNA ROSENBERG to rescind immediately the order "For the removal of the Cross of Christ from the graves of American soldiers."

13. Flier announcing, "General DOUGLAS MacARTHUR Night, Monster Mass Meeting Friday Night, May 25, 1951, at Jamaica Avenue and 217th Street, Queens Village, New York, under the auspices of the New York Anti-Communist League."

14. One page advertisement entitled "All Americans Must Know That U.S. Money is Unlawfully Taken From Them", stating that this is the object of the campaign of the newspaper, "The Spider," published at Macon, Georgia. "This campaign uses the remarkable book 'Lightning Over The Treasury Building,' by the late Reverend JOHN R. ELSOM."

15. One copy of a 110 page booklet "Lightning Over The Treasury Building," by JOHN R. ELSOM, published by the Meador Publishing Company, Boston, Massachusetts. This states, "A clear and concise treatise of the banking and money system of the United States as manipulated by the international bankers, by whom Governments are controlled, wars promoted, peoples exploited and the real wealth of the nation granted unto themselves through the process of mortgages and foreclosures, together with a constitutional remedy for our national dilemma."

16. Flier "Make MacArthur President; G. Seals Aiken, Atlanta, Georgia, Vice-President," published by National Patrick Henry Organization, P.O. Box 985, Columbus, Georgia, Mrs. J. W. JENKINS, Secretary.

17. June, 1951 supplement of "Clover Business Letter" published monthly by E. B. GALLAHER for the customers of the Clover Manufacturing Company, Norwalk, Connecticut, which urges the backing of General DOUGLAS MacARTHUR for President.

18. Leaflet published by the Americanism Committee of the American Legion, P.O. Box 509, Matoon, Illinois, outlining, "How you can fight Communism" and "The ways to spot Communist fronts."

19. Advertisement of "Headlines," 342 Madison Avenue, New York 17, New York, soliciting subscriptions to "Headlines" and to the special edition entitled, "Whose Promoting and What's Behind 'I Like Ike'."

20. A printed card entitled, "To The U.S.A. Office Seeker," which states, "Under our constitutional form of Government, all public officials, old or new, must stand on the constitution (platform) the citizens wrote. The only platform you can endorse is the Constitution of the U.S. It is a fact political party platforms are not only silly and absurd, but are almost criminal because they are written for the sole purpose of hood-winking the voting citizen. The candidates for Congress and all other offices are selected before the politicans meet in their solemn conventions and the political platforms are not submitted to the voters for their approval." Signed, "U.S.A. Voter."

21. Leaflet entitled, "Startling Disclosure," published by the Defenders, Wichita, Kansas, which is an attack on Justice FELIX FRANKFURTER and states in part, "Frankfurter, a clever Austrian born Jew, has for three decades furnished the driving force and intellectual energy of the Red program in the U. S. The full power of international Jewry is concentrated in his hands."

22. Reprint of a newspaper column "On Job with Labor" by VICTOR RIESEL. This article is entitled, "Lodge and the CIO Swings Ike To the Left, A Domestic Program," relating that at the CIO's retail, wholesale and department store workers Sixth Annual Convention in Boston, Senator HENRY CABOT LODGE, Jr. "was directly replying to the criticism inside labor of Eisenhower's failure to speak out now on domestic issues. If the Senator accurately reflects the General, they seem to have whipped up a left to center platform candidate."

23. Thirty-one page booklet by Honorable JESSIE W. JENKINS, Box 985, Columbus, Georgia, entitled, "Your Pocket Atom Bomb," in which the author outlines the principle for which she stood in the Governor's race in the Georgia election of 1950. She is highly critical of money system, the Federal Reserve Act and the Foreign Aid Program. She strongly attacks the present administration and states, "These Wall Street Zionists engineered that depression (which was nothing compared to the one

ahead, if we don't act fast), to get Hoover out of the way because they knew from Roosevelt's notorious record he would be easier to handle. That was why they kept him in office. Now Truman is trying to out Roosevelt, FDR, and because we know his program, including FEPC, is Marxist, anti-Christian and Un-American and despite his great affections, we know he stubbornly resists all efforts to perjure our Government of these agents." The article further advises the repeal of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments, which she states were obtained by force. The author then outlines the charter provisions of the "National Patrick Henry Organization, Incorporated."

24. A twenty page pamphlet entitled, "A Challenge To All Good Americans - Join The Liberty Party For A New Birth of Freedom," sponsored by the National Patrick Henry Organization, Incorporated, P.O. Box 985, Columbus, Georgia. This pamphlet criticizes the Democratic and Republican parties, the Federal Reserve System and the Foreign Aid Program of the United States. It outlines the proposed platform of the Liberty Party.

25. A 156 page book entitled "America Reborn," by JESSIE WELCH JENKINS, which discusses such topics as Jewish History; Communism, the United Nations, the Marshall Plan, The Problem of the Color Question; Labor, Political parties; Free Masonary; and finally outlines the principles and by-laws of the National Patrick Henry Organization, Incorporated.

26. A forty eight page pamphlet entitled, "The Battle Is The Lord's," prepared and published by the British Israel Association of Greater Vancouver, 1238A Seymour Street, Vancouver, B.C. This contains extracts from "The British Guardian" of February 13, 1925, which in turn contains extracts from the official report of the U.S.A. Army Intelligence concerning the foundation and progress of the Russian Communist Revolution of 1917. It includes the names of those financiers who financed the revolution and the names of thirty

27. Pamphlet entitled, "How the Taft-Hartley Law Protects You, As A Worker, Your Union, The General Public," published by the Taft Committee, Washington, D. C.

28. Reprint of an article from the May, 1951 issue of the American Mercury Magazine entitled, "Is President Truman An Honorable Man?"

29. Pamphlet entitled, "Americanism Bulletin," by W. D. HERRSTROM, "world traveler and news analyst;" published monthly by W. D. HERRSTROM, Box 438, Faribault, Minnesota. This fifteen page pamphlet concerns "the dangers of fluoridation of community water supplies."

30. A 97 page booklet entitled "America Is Calling You," by JESSIE WELCH JENKINS. It contains articles gathered from various sources which the author states, "An an adventure in a timely patriotic endeavor, it is presented with the earnest hope of arousing fellow country men to a sense of the dangers into which our country has drifted and to activate their patriotism."

31. Pamphlet entitled, "How Do You Like" published by the Citizens Protective Association, Box 156, St. Louis, Missouri, which outlines the objectives of the Citizens Protective Association and solitices white citizens of St. Louis to join the CPA.

32. One page flier entitled, "How Do You Like Negroes Attempting To Force Themselves Into White Residences, Swimming Pools, Theaters, etc?" published by the Citizens Protective Association, St. Louis, Missouri.

33. A seven page leaflet entitled, "Wanted, 50 Million White People To Uphold The White Man's Rights In America;" published by the White Circle League of America, P.O. Box 531, Chicago 90, Illinois. This is in the form of an open letter to all members of the White Circle League from JOSEPH BEAUHARNAIS,

leader of the organization. He explains the reason that members have received no bulletins or notices of meetings for a period of one year is due to the fact that the White Circle League had been involved in litigation which was in the courts for almost two years. It states that the U.S. Supreme Court recently decided against him by a decision of five to four (Case #118, Joseph Beauharnais vs. the People of the State of Illinois). It quotes in full the descenting opinion of Supreme Court Justice BLACK in this case, which BEAUHARNAIS claims as a victory. BEAUHARNAIS states that he has given up his business and intends to devote all of his time and the balance of his life to preserving the rights and heritage of the white race in America.

Stapled to this leaflet is an application for yearly membership in the White Circle League of America, Chicago, Illinois, reflecting that the yearly membership is $2.00 and a yearly subscription to the White Circle News is $5.00 per year. The reverse side of this application is captioned, "The National Association For The Advancement Of White People," which it states is dedicated to safeguard and maintain the dignity, social edicts, customs, heritage and rights of the white race in America. It then explains that all members of the White Circle League now become members of the NAAWP automatically. It then states that among the fifty organizations that sponsor the NAAWP are the following:

Citizens Protective Association, St. Louis, Missouri.
National Patrick Henry Organization, Incorporated, Columbus, Georgia.
National Security League, Dayton, Ohio.
National Service Bureau, Farmington, Michigan.
White Circle League of America, Chicago, Illinois.
The Liberty Party, Columbus, Georgia.
The White American Party, Chicago, Illinois.

34. A 3x5 card captioned, "Attendance Record Nationalists Convention, Chicago, Illinois, July 4, 5, 6, 1952," which provided blanks for filling in the name, address, city, state and name of organization of the delegate.

35. Flier published by the Christian Civic League of America, Box 810, Macon, Georgia, protesting that international banking companies in possession of our nation's money have caused the Revolutionary War, the Civil War and the World War. It states that the handling of money and credit of the U.S. Government by any agency of the Government should be stopped and should be handled only by Congress itself.

36. An open letter on the stationery of the Citizens Protective Association, St. Louis, soliciting membership in the CPA and signed by JOHN W. HAMILTON. Attached is a subscription blank for the "White Sentinel," official organ of the CPA, at the rate of $2.00 per year.

37. Informant's name tag and admission ticket to all sessions of the Nationalist Convention, Chicago, Illinois, July 4, 5, 6, 1952.

The Bureau has advised that Chicago is origin in captioned case.

Copies of this letter are being designated for those offices covering the residences of individuals who attended, as well as for those covering the homes of individuals or organizations reflected in the literature distributed at the Nationalist Convention.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 09-08-2014
by: C39W47B40

SAC, Atlanta 8-22-52

SAC, St. Louis (105-394)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
REGISTERED AIR MAIL

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT
OF WHITE PEOPLE, Aka Allied American Assn.
IS - X

[redacted] of known reliability, who is a [redacted] furnished the following information on August 22, 1952: b7D

JOHN W. HAMILTON, Leader of the Citizens Protective Association, advised the Informant that he had received a letter from PETER L. XAVIER of Dayton, Ohio, stating that an "action conference" was going to be held at Atlanta, Georgia, on September 1, 1952. XAVIER'S letter stated that the conference was going to be attended by a select few of the leaders of various organizations who participated in the founding convention of captioned organization held at Chicago, Illinois, in July, 1952. XAVIER stated that the purpose of the "action conference" is for the select leaders to meet with the head of the Florida Klu Klux Klan. The exact meaning of this discussion to be had with the KLU KLUX KLAN is not known to the Informant.

[redacted] b7D

For the information of all offices, [redacted] attended the above-mentioned conference at Chicago, Illinois, and a detailed letter concerning this convention follows. b7D

The identities of any other individuals who will attend the Atlanta conference is not known to the Informant.

The above is furnished for your information. Extreme care should be used so that [redacted] is not compromised. b7D

PHD:ajs

cc: 1-Cincinnati (RM)
1-Chicago (RM)
1-SL file #66-1935A
1-SL file #100-10831 CPA

105-394-4

FD-36

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Transmit the following Teletype message to:

FBI, ST. LOUIS 8-26-52 _____AM PFD:SS TWX

SAC, ATLANTA . . . URGENT

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, AKA, IS DASH X. REMYLET AUG. TWENTYTWO, LAST. IN VIEW OF CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH [redacted] WILL TRAVEL TO ATLANTA, IT APPEARS HE WILL BE [redacted] AND WILL BE UNABLE TO CONTACT ATLANTA OFFICE. IF YOU DESIRE [redacted] ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ANY SPECIFIC INFORMATION, SUTEL SL BY AUG. TWENTYEIGHT, NEXT, AS HE WILL DEPART SL, AUG. TWENTYNINE, NEXT.

b7D

THORNTON

END

105-394

105-394-5

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent 9:46 A M Per

FBI, ATLANTA 8-27-52 3-55 PM AME

SAC, ST. LOUIS U R G E N T

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE IS DASH X. CONTACT INFORMANT AND ADVISE LOCATION AND HOUR OF MEETING TO BE HELD IN ATLANTA.

W E A T H E R F O R D

END

OK FBI SL MJR

105-394-7

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
AUG 27 1952
FBI - ST. LOUIS

FD-36

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Transmit the following Teletype message to:

FBI, ST. LOUIS 8-28-52 _____PM PFD:SS TWX

SAC, MOBILE . . . URGENT

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, IS DASH X. CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION FORMED BY GROUP OF ANTI NEGRO ORGANIZATIONS, CGO, ILL., JULY, FIFTYTWO. WILLIAM HENDRIX, HEAD OF FLA. KKK HAS CALLED ACTION CONFERENCE OF LEADERS OF PARTICIPATING ORGANIZATIONS TALLAHASSEE FLA SEPT. ONE NEXT PURPOSE EXACT PLACE AND TIME UNKNOWN. DELEGATES TO BE HOUSED BY LOCAL RESIDENTS [redacted] WILL ATTEND, BUT DOUBTS POSSIBILITY OF COMMUNICATION WITH YOUR OFFICE. b7D

BUREAU AND INTERESTED OFFICES ADVISED.

THORNTON

END

105-394 — 8

cc 100-10834
66-1935A

Code underlined portion
Encoded
clk 8-28-52

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent 5:40 p M Per

FD-36

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Transmit the following Teletype message to:

CONF 2 STAS. WASH (8) AND CHICAGO (3) FROM ST. LOUIS PFD:SS TELETYPE

8-28-52 _____PM

DIRECTOR AND SAC . . . URGENT

- -

FBI, ST. LOUIS 8-28-52 _____PM PFD:SS TWX

SACS, ATLANTA, CINCINNATI AND MIAMI . . . URGENT

[redacted] REMYTEL AUG. TWENTYTWO, LAST, b7D

MYLET TO ATLANTA, CGO AND CI, AUG. TWENTYTWO, LAST AND MYLET TO MIAMI, AUG. TWENTYSIX, LAST, CAPTIONED NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, IS DASH X. JOHN HAMILTON ADVISED [redacted] LAST NIGHT CONFERENCE RESCHEDULED FOR TALLAHASSEE, FLA. INSTEAD OF ATLANTA, TO BE HELD SAME DATE. MOBILE ADVISED.

THORNTON

BUREAU AND CGO ADVISED....on TWX.
AT, CI AND MM ADVISED.....on Teletype

END

105-394 - 9

cc 100-10834 CPA
66-1935A

Code underlined portion
Encoded
Clk 8-28-52

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent 420P M Per MJR

At, CI, MM, 632p R

FBI, MIAMI 8-28-52 8-20 PM, EST EF

SAC, ST. LOUIS URGENT

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, AKA ALLIED AMERICAN ASSOCIATION,- INTERNAL SECURITY DASH X. REURLET AUG. TWENTYSIX LAST. THE MIAMI OFFICE IS CURRENTLY INVESTIGATING SERIES OF BOMBINGS IN SOUTH FLORIDA, INCLUDING BOMBINGS OF JEWISH CENTERS, CATHOLIC CHURCHES, NEGRO HOUSING PROJECT KNOWN AS CARVER VILLAGE, ALL MIAMI, FLORIDA. ALSO BOMBING OF HOME OF HARRY T. MOORE, MIMS, FLORIDA, WHICH RESULTED IN DEATH OF MOORE AND WIFE. INVESTIGATION INDICATES MEMBERS OF JOHN B. GORDON KLAVERN, SOUTHERN KNIGHTS OF KKK, INVOLVED IN BOMBINGS OF CARVER VILLAGE, SEPT. TWENTYTWO AND NOV. THIRTY, LAST. BILL HENDRIX, HEAD OF SOUTHERN KNIGHTS OF KKK, HOLDS TITLE OF GRAND DRAGON, STATE OF FLORIDA. HAVE INFORMANT TO BE ON ALERT FOR ANY INFO RE ABOVE BOMBINGS.

105-391-10

WALL

END

ACK PLS

OK FBI LXXX SL GER

V

Do not [redacted] advised & alerted 8 45 8/28

b7D

Donegan

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 09-09-2014
by: C39W47B40

Director, FBI

August 29, 1952

SAC, St. Louis (105-394)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
REGISTERED MAIL
AIR MAIL SPECIAL DELIVERY

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE
ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, aka
Allied American Association
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Re St. Louis tels to Director dated 8-22-52 and 8-28-52, captioned [redacted] St. Louis let to Atlanta dated 8-22-52, St. Louis let to Miami dated 8-26-52 and St. Louis tel to Mobile dated 8-28-52, all captioned NAAWP, IS-X. b7D

[redacted], of known reliability, was originally invited by JOHN W. HAMILTON, Chairman of the CPA, a strongly anti-negro organization at St. Louis to attend an "Action Conference" to be held at Atlanta, Georgia on September 1, 1952. According to informant, HAMILTON learned of this meeting upon receipt of a letter from PETER L. XAVIER of Dayton, Ohio, which letter was read by the informant. XAVIER's letter stated that the Atlanta Conference was going to be attended by a select few of the leaders of various organizations who had attended the founding convention of captioned organization at Chicago, Illinois in July 1952. XAVIER stated that the purpose of the conference was to meet with WILLIAM HENDRIX, head of the Florida KKK. Informant later learned from HAMILTON that the conference had apparently been called by HENDRIX. b7D

On August 28, 1952 informant was advised by HAMILTON that he had received a telephone call from PETER XAVIER of Dayton, Ohio, who had in turn received a phone call from WILLIAM HENDRIX in Florida. XAVIER advised HAMILTON that the conference had been shifted from Atlanta to Tallahassee, Florida because several of the people who were going to attend from the north were not able to attend. XAVIER advised that he did not believe that he would be able to attend and that in addition, JOSEPH BEAUHARNAIS, leader of the White Circle League, Chicago, Illinois, would not be able to attend as planned. XAVIER advised HAMILTON that several others from the north, who he did not identify, would not be able to attend and that since most of those still going to attend were from the southern states, the site had been moved to Tallahassee.

[redacted] advised this morning that according to HAMILTON, he and the informant will be accompanied to Tallahassee by [redacted] [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

PFD:seg

1 - ATLANTA (AMSD)
1 - CINCINNATI
1 - CHICAGO
1 - MIAMI (AMSD)
1 - MOBILE
1 - SL 100-10834 (CPA)
1 - SL 66-1935A [redacted] b7D

105-394-11

ALL COPIES REGISTERED MAIL

Director, FBI August 29, 1952

It is noted that [redacted] is [redacted] in St. Louis. It has previously been learned that [redacted] spent their vacation at the home of WILLIAM HENDRIX in Florida during July 1952. b6 b7C

HAMILTON told the informant that they will be accommodated at the home of HENDRIX and that apparently the conference, which will be smaller than originally planned will be held at HENDRIX' home in Tallahassee. HAMILTON added that he had never met HENDRIX but had corresponded with him. HAMILTON stated that HENDRIX is considering breaking away from the KKK to form his own organization which would be known as the American Confederate Army or some similar name. HAMILTON stated that he would like to have HENDRIX join with the organizations making up captioned organization, stating that he HENDRIX would be a valuable man in view of his wonderful organizing ability.

[redacted] stated that according to present plans, HAMILTON, [redacted] and informant will depart from St. Louis by auto at 3:00 a.m., August 30, 1952 for Tallahassee, Florida. b6 b7C b7D

In accordance with Miami tel to St. Louis August 29, 1952 the informant has been alerted for any possible mention of the bombings mentioned therein.

FBI, MIAMI 9-5-52 9-57 PM, EST EF

SAC, MOBILE AND ST. LOUIS DEFERRED

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, IS DASH X. RETEL FROM MOBILE, SEPT. TWO LAST. MIAMI INFORMANT RECEIVED LETTER FROM BILL HENDRIX THIS DATE ADVISING THAT FOUR PERSONS FROM ST. LOUIS, NAMES NOT GIVEN, VISITED HIM OVER LABOR DAY WEEKEND. INFORMANT HAS APPOINTMENT WITH HENDRIX SEPT. FIVE AND SIX NEXT AND WILL SECURE FULL INFO RE HENDRIX MEETING WITH ST. LOUIS DELEGATION.

WALL

END

ACK IN O PLS

MO OK FBI MO HTW

SL OK FBI SL NLN

105-394-12

mlw

SEP 5 1952

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : J. E. THORNTON (105-394) DATE: September 9, 1952

FROM : PHILIP F. DONEGAN

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, aka Allied American Association IS - X

On August 25, 1952, [redacted] orally advised the writer of the following in connection with the contemplated conference to be held in Atlanta, Georgia between leaders of the NAAWP and WILLIAM HENDRICKS, Head of the Florida Ku Klux Klan. b7D

Informant stated that he had learned from JOHN W. HAMILTON that [redacted] spent their vacation at the home of W. HENDRICKS in Tallahassee, Florida during the latter part of June, 1952. According to informant, [redacted] is [redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] further advised that HAMILTON had learned of the above mentioned conference in a letter which HAMILTON had received from PETER XAVIER of Dayton, Ohio. Informant stated that he read the letter which HAMILTON received from XAVIER rather hurriedly but that in one paragraph, toward the end of the letter, XAVIER asked HAMILTON if he still had the letter that SMITH (GERALD L. K.) wrote to people asking that they mortgage their property in order to get money to finance his activities. XAVIER stated that while he was in the Army, SMITH had offered him a job in the event that XAVIER got "kicked Out" of the Army. Xavier stated that G. L. K. SMITH failed to come through with a job when he was discharged from the Army. XAVIER then made some remarks about not wanting to have anything to do with SMITH for this reason. b7D

PFD:nln

cc: 66-1935A [redacted] b6 b7C
100-10834 (CPA)
[redacted] b7D
100-6013 (G. L. K. SMITH)

105-394-13

SEARCHED ... SERIALIZED ... SEP 9 1952

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

To : Director, FBI

DATE: 9-6-52

From : SAC, St. Louis (66-1935A)

Subject: [redacted] b7D

Re St. Louis teletypes to Director dated 8-22,28-52 and 9-2-52, captioned as above; re St. Louis letter to Atlanta dated 8-22-52; St. Louis letter to Miami dated 8-26-52 and St. Louis teletype to Mobile dated 8-28-52, all captioned "National Association for the Advancement of White People, IS - X."

On September 2, 1952, [redacted] orally advised SA PHILIP F. DONEGAN as follows. Extreme caution should be exercised in any further use of this information in order that the identity of the informant will not be learned. b7D

[redacted] stated that he left St. Louis, Missouri, by auto at 3:00 a.m. on August 30, 1952, in the company of JOHN W. HAMILTON, [redacted] [redacted] and [redacted] all of whom are members of the [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

The purpose of this meeting, as reported by [redacted] was to formulate plans to reactivate the Klu Klux Klan (KKK) in Missouri and to receive b7D

PFD:maf

CC: 1 - SL 105-394 - NAAWP
1 - SL 100-10834 - CPA
[redacted] b6 b7C
1 - SL 100-2035 - KKK
2 - Atlanta (AMSD) (REGISTERED)
2 - Cincinnati (AMSD) (REGISTERED)
2 - Chicago (REGISTERED)
2 - Miami (AMSD) (REGISTERED)
2 - Mobile (AMSD) (REGISTERED)

AIR MAIL SPECIAL DELIVERY

REGISTERED

105-394-14

the aid and suggestions of HENDRIX in this undertaking. HENDRIX stated that the Missouri Klan would be a subsidiary of the Southern Knights of the KKK until it became well enough organized to be a self-sustaining organization at which time the Missouri Klan would be issued a charter by HENDRIX.

According to [redacted] plans for the establishment of the Missouri Klan will be as follows: JOHN W. HAMILTON and [redacted] are to personally pick 20 members from the Citizens Protective Association in St. Louis to be charter members at which time each of the 20 members will be investigated by HAMILTON. Each of the 20 will be assessed $10 of which $3 will be retained locally and $7 will be forwarded to HENDRIX in Florida. Each of the 20 charter members will then obtain one new member which will double the membership. These new members will also be assessed $10 each. According to the informant, HENDRIX advised HAMILTON not to have anything to do with anyone who was a former Klan member in St. Louis as they are considered unreliable inasmuch as the Klan has not been active here for a very long period. HENDRIX also suggested that HAMILTON should turn down a certain portion of the applications for no other reason than to show that the Klan is particular in choosing its members and does not take all who apply. b6 b7C b7D

HAMILTON indicated that within a very short period he wanted to start some cross burnings in St. Louis. On this regard, HENDRIX advised HAMILTON that he should burn five or six crosses simultaneously in order to lead the public to believe that there are a very large number of Klansmen in St. Louis. HAMILTON stated that he wanted no violence in St. Louis but that he did want a lot of activity in order to make it appear that the Klan is organized in large numbers and also to properly scare the Negroes.

It was indicated that in the beginning St. Louis will be the hub for Klan activities in Missouri, after which they will branch out to other parts of the state to recruit new members and hold meetings. It was planned that after the Klan becomes organized in St. Louis they will hold a big meeting at Potosi, Missouri, where the [redacted] are acquainted with some person who owns farm land. According to the informant, the plan is to rent a corn field from this person at b6 b7C

Potosi, Missouri, where they hope to hold a meeting which will be held with the hope of obtaining a large number of new members from that area. HAMILTON stated that he hoped the meeting in Potosi would be able to be held by October and HENDRIX indicated that he would come to Potosi to speak at this meeting. HENDRIX further explained that by renting a piece of property in this manner the authorities could do nothing to them and could not put them off of the property. The meeting at Potosi is to be attended by the 40 Klansmen from St. Louis who, by that time, will have their robes which will be obtained through HENDRIX from Florida. HAMILTON stated that by the time of the Potosi meeting he hopes to have between forty and fifty members.

According to the informant, HENDRIX stated that he has greatly reduced his activity recently in view of the fact that a Klan officer was presently awaiting a retrial and that he did not want to do anything which would focus attention on the Klan and possibly jeopardize the chances of this official. He stated, however, that after this matter was settled he was going to increase his activity and that he wanted to have the Klan become active in 48 states. HENDRIX mentioned briefly that his Klan took no part in the recent Miami bombings and he stated that he had told the FBI that he had nothing to do with it.

HENDRIX mentioned a movie believed by the informant to be titled "Star Morning" which apparently was very anti-Klan in nature. According to the informant, this movie was show at theaters in Jacksonville, Florida, apparently some time ago. HENDRIX mentioned briefly that the story portrayed incidents in which a man was dragged through the streets and later killed by members of the KKK after which it was discovered that he was innocent of the charges accused of by the KKK. HENDRIX stated that he and members of his Klan went to Jacksonville and put lamp black on a large number of the seats in the theater at which the picture was showing. He stated that this created such a turmoil with the patrons of the theater that the theater was almost forced out of business.

According to the informant, HENDRIX explained a method which has been utilized by the Klan in administering a beating to a designated individual. He said the procedure was to have the man approached while walking on the street by a Klansman in plain clothes who would be carrying a cain and a switch blade knife. He said the Klansman would then start beating the man with his cain at which time he would also drop the switch blade knife to the ground. HENDRIX stated that at the time of the attack it is necessary to have five or six Klansmen standing around the vicinity to observe the incident. He said the attacker then claims that the beaten man attempted to attack him with the knife and that he used the cain in self defense. At this time the other Klansmen who are acting as witnesses come forward and verify the statement of the first Klansman to the effect that the beaten man had attacked the Klansman with the knife. He stated that in this situation none of the Klansmen involved are identified as such.

b7D

HENDRIX stated that PETER XAVIER from Dayton, Ohio, had been to visit him several months ago. From ensuing conversations it was the informant's impression that XAVIER is to formulate plans for the formation of a Klan in Dayton, Ohio, although this was not specifically stated. HENDRIX did mention that he took XAVIER to a Klan meeting and that XAVIER seemed to be fairly well impressed with the affair.

Mention was made of the meeting which took place in Chicago, Illinois, in July, 1952 for the purpose of establishing the organization to be known as the National Association for the Advancement of White People to be composed of various anti-Negro organizations. HENDRIX stated that he had been invited to attend this meeting but had not done so because it was his impression that most of the people from these other anti-Negro groups do a lot of talking but are not taking part in any real activity. He said that for this reason he did not want to become affiliated with the National Association for the Advancement of White People. He stated that he wanted to devote all of his attention to

the KKK but that he would be happy if any of these people who are leaders of other anti-Negro groups want to work with him in organizing the Klan in their area. He stated that in this event he would be glad to have their assistance. HENDRIX indicated that he did not think too much of JOSEPH BEAUHARNAIS, leader of the White Circle League in Chicago, who was instrumental in forming the National Association for the Advancement of White People. HENDRIX stated that he trusted BEAUHARNAIS but did not think he was a very good leader. Following this remark, JOHN HAMILTON stated that more had been accomplished in three hours with HENDRIX than had been done in three days at the above mentioned Chicago meeting. HAMILTON stated that he was disappointed with the results at Chicago inasmuch as there had been a lot of talking but that many things had been left in an undecided status. He stated that the St. Louis Citizens Protective Association was going to join the National Association for the Advancement of White People mostly for the benefit of BEAUHARNAIS but that he would not be able to give BEAUHARNAIS much help. HAMILTON added that he wanted to devote much of his time in the future to organizing the KKK in Missouri.

In regard to JOSEPH BEAUHARNAIS, HAMILTON stated that several months ago he had been with BEAUHARNAIS in the company of other individuals at which time BEAUHARNAIS became intoxicated. He stated that at this time they were engaged in a discussion during which BEAUHARNAIS defended the position of the Catholic Church on several points. HAMILTON concluded from this incident that BEAUHARNAIS might be a Catholic or might have been a Catholic at one time.

According to the informant, HENDRIX also mentioned that he had organized the American Confederate Army which the informant stated appears to be a front organization for the KKK. HENDRIX stated that he intends to expand the American Confederate Army because they are able to take into that organization people who wish to lend support, both moral and financial, to the KKK but who are not eligible to join the KKK either because they are Catholics or because they are naturalized citizens. Informant reported that JOHN HAMILTON displayed a small card which he carries in his wallet which states that HAMILTON holds the rank of colonel in the American Confederate Army. HAMILTON indicated during the discussion that

b6
b7C

Director, FBI 9-6-52

he might organize a branch of the American Confederate Army in St. Louis after he gets the KKK well organized.

At one point HENDRIX mentioned to HAMILTON that a man by the name of [redacted] (phonetic) has been attempting to affiliate himself with HENDRIX and the Klan. HAMILTON told HENDRIX that [redacted] has started about seventy different organizations and that he is not interested in any one organization, his only interest being that of obtaining money for his own personal gain. HAMILTON advised HENDRIX not to have anyting to do with [redacted] and not to cooperate with him in the future.

The informant reported that HENDRIX furnished JOHN HAMILTON with a book entitled "Koran" which HENDRIX stated was the "Bible" of the KKK and contains information on the organization and rules under which the KKK operates. [redacted] mentioned that he owns what he called an original Koran which he stated had been used during the Civil War period.

According to the informant, HENDRIX gave HAMILTON instructions concerning the most desirable means of constructing a wooden cross for their purpose. HENDRIX stated that the wooden frame is wrapped in burlap which has been soaked in naptha or gasoline. He stated that for the best results, powdered carbide should be sprinkled under the burlap inasmuch as when water is directed on the flames the carbide will greatly increase the intensity of the fire instead of extinguishing it. He stated that a very satisfactory time fuse can be used to ignite the cross. This consists of taking a package of book matches on which the cover is opened and then closed beneath the exposed matches. A lighted cigarette is then placed in between the covers of the match book with the lighted end away from the match book. He stated that as the cigarette burns it will burn toward the matches and when it burns to a point underneath the exposed matches, they will ignite and will in turn ignite the burlap. HENDRIX stated that the time fuse can be placed on one of the cross arms of the cross and it will do a satisfactory job.

HAMILTON indicated that the KKK will be organized in Missouri with St. Louis as the center of activity in the beginning and that it would then

b6
b7C

Director, FBI 9-6-52

be organized in other places throughout the state. HENDRIX stated that once the organization become large enough to be self-sustaining it will not longer be necessary to pay dues to the Southern Knights of the KKK. He stated that until that time, however, the Florida Klan would lend moral support to the Missouri Klan.

HENDRIX instructed HAMILTON that they should allow no notes to be taken at any of the meetings and that in the event a member had missed a meeting he could be informed of what had taken place from the minutes read at the following meeting and that it would never be necessary for a member to inform another member of what had taken place. He stated that anyone found telling of what had transpired at a Klan meeting or anyone caught divulging any of the Klan's secrets should be horse whipped.

According to the informant, this concluded the formal discussion which took place between HENDRIX, HAMILTON, [redacted] and [redacted] and the informant. The informant stated, however, [redacted]

HAMILTON advised HENDRIX that he would be in Florida during both the Thanksgiving and Christmas holidays and that he would visit HENDRIX at those times. HAMILTON stated that he would be spending both holidays with his parents who reside in St. Cloud, Florida.

According to the informant, HAMILTON and [redacted] are both very much interested in the KKK and believed it will get good support in St. Louis and throughout Missouri. On the return trip from Florida, both indicated that they were very anxious to get organized and to get some activity under way in St. Louis.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

b6
b7C

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, F.B.I. DATE: 9/2/52

FROM : SAC, ATLANTA (105-169)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE. AKA. ALLIED AMERICAN ASSOCIATION INTERNAL SECURITY - X

[redacted] who should be covered by a T symbol in any report, advised SA JOHN P. SLAYDEN this date that captioned organization is undoubtedly receiving financial support from the GEORGE ARMSTRONG Foundation, Fort Worth, Texas.

He stated CONDE MCGINLEY, editor of the newspaper, "Common Sense", has received a considerable amount of money from the Armstrong Foundation.

[redacted] advised The National Patrick Henry Organization and The Liberty Party were founded by Mrs. JESSEE W. JENKINS of Columbus, Georgia, who is National Secretary of this Party. He advised WILLIAM "BILL" HENDRIX, former 1952 candidate for Governor in the State of Florida and formerly Grand Dragon of the Southern Knights of the K.K.K., is National Publicity Director of the Liberty Party. He advised HENDRIX is also founder and head of an organization known as The American Confederate Army.

RUC

JPS-ame
cc-Chicago
cc-Cincinnati
cc-Boston
cc-Dallas
cc-Detroit
cc-Kansas City
cc-Los Angeles
cc-Miami
cc-Minneapolis
cc-Mobile
cc-Newark
cc-New Haven
cc-New York
cc-Omaha
cc-San Antonio
cc-Springfield
cc- Washington Field
cc-St. Louis (2)

105-394-15

SEARCHED KM INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
SEP 8 1952
FBI - ST. LOUIS
Donnegan

SAC, SL 9-24-52

SA PHILIP F. DONEGAN

[redacted] b7D

[redacted] orally advised the writer on September 2, 1952, of the following in connection with his recent trip to Tallahassee, Florida, over the Labor Day week-end, in the company of JOHN M. HAMILTON, [redacted] and [redacted]. Inasmuch as no written report was received from the informant, the original copy of this memo is being filed in chronological sequence in informant's file, 66-1935A, in place of a written report. b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] stated that the automobile in which they rode to Tallahassee was owned by [redacted]. It is described as a 1950 Ford Tudor Sedan, dark blue-green in color. Informant did not obtain the license number of this car. Informant further advised that from conversation he learned that [redacted] who lives at [redacted] is employed as a [redacted]. b6 b7C b7D

Informant also learned that [redacted] works at [redacted] which is also where HAMILTON is employed. He stated that [redacted] is a [redacted] and that HAMILTON is a timekeeper on small assembly. [redacted] mentioned to [redacted] that he has known HAMILTON for five years. b6 b7C b7D

HAMILTON mentioned that he knows a County judge at Potosi, Missouri, who is a subscriber to the "White Sentinel."

According to informant, on the return trip from Florida discussion took place concerning plans for burning some crosses in St. Louis. During this conversation [redacted] reminded HAMILTON that he [redacted] had been responsible for the burning of a cross at Fairgrounds Park in 1951. [redacted] stated that it was a 14 foot cross and that he fastened it to one of the goal posts. [redacted] seemed to indicate great pleasure over the fact that the burning cross was filmed and was shown on television the following day. b6 b7C

The name [redacted] is being indexed. b6 b7C

PFD:maf
66-1935a

CC: 105-394 - NAAWP
100-10834 - CPA
[redacted]
100-2035 - KKK

105-394-16

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ...
SERIALIZED ...
SEP 24 1952
FBI - ST. LOUIS

b6 b7C

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, ST. LOUIS

DATE: September 24, 1952

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (105-1096)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE
INTERNAL SECURITY - X
Office of Origin - St. Louis

Reurtels 7/4/52 and 7/5/52.

Attached reports of SA TONY SMILGIN dated September 24, 1952, at Chicago, Illinois, and entitled "WHITE CIRCLE LEAGUE OF AMERICA, INTERNAL SECURITY - X", reflect information concerning White Circle League activities in the Chicago area and further report action taken at the Nationalist Committee Convention held at Chicago, July 4-6, 1952.

Since information concerning the National Association for the Advancement of White People is set out in referenced report, no further action is contemplated by the Chicago Division.

RUC.

TS:ECS

CC: 105-291

105-394-17

SEARCHED ... INDEXED
SERIALIZED ... FILED
SEP 26 1952
FBI - ST. LOUIS

DIRECTOR, FBI September 26, 1952

SAC, MOBILE (105-45) PERSONAL AND ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT
OF WHITE PEOPLE, aka Allied American
Association
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Retel dated August 28, 1952, from St. Louis to Mobile, stating that the captioned organization was formed by a group of anti-Negro organizations at Chicago, Illinois, during July, 1952, and that WILLIAM HENDRIX, head of the Florida KKK, had called an action conference of leaders of participating organizations at Tallahassee, Florida, for September, 1952.

The Miami Office was advised of the above information by teletype dated September 2, 1952, and that office replied by teletype of September 5, 1952, that a Miami informant had received a letter from HENDRIX on September 5, 1952, advising that four persons from St. Louis, names not given, had visited him over the Labor Day weekend. It was stated that the Miami informant had an appointment with HENDRIX for September 5 and 6, 1952, and would secure full information regarding HENDRIX'S meeting with the St. Louis Delegation.

Further reference is made to St. Louis letter to the Director, dated September 6, 1952, which sets forth in considerable detail the results of information obtained by the St. Louis Office from [redacted] on September 2, 1952. In substance, [redacted] and [redacted], all members of the [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

Inasmuch as it appears that [redacted] has obtained complete information on the results of the above conference, which apparently was not attended by as many persons as had originally planned to attend, no further investigation regarding this particular conference is being conducted by this office. However, continuing investigation will be made concerning the activities of HENDRIX in connection with the case entitled "SOUTHERN KNIGHTS OF b7D

JBH-blc
REGISTERED

Declassified By SP-7
On 2/9/82

105-394-18

SEARCHED MOC INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
SEP 24 1952
FBI - ST. LOUIS

cc: St. Louis
Cincinnati
Chicago
Miami
105-14

DIRECTOR, FBI September 26, 1952

THE KKK, INTERNAL SECURITY - X, Mobile file 105-14", and during the course of that investigation, if any information is developed concerning the NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, aka Allied American Association, same will be immediately investigated and reported under instant caption. RUC

DIRECTOR, FBI 10-29-52

SAC, ST. LOUIS (105-394)
(100-2035)
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE
ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, Aka
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

KLU KLUX KLAN, ST. LOUIS DIVISION
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

ATTENTION: MECHANICAL SECTION

There is being transmitted to the Mechanical Section, under separate cover, one roll of exposed, undeveloped microfilm containing photographs of material furnished by [redacted] of known reliability, in connection with the above captioned matters. b7D

Approximately the first forty exposures concern material relating to the Klu Klux Klan. This material was photographed in order that the original documents could be returned to the informant to remain in his possession. The remaining exposures are photographs of material furnished by [redacted] which was obtained by the informant at the Founding Convention of the National Association for the Advancement of White People, which was held at Chicago, Illinois, in July, 1952. b7D

It is requested that this film be developed and that two prints of each exposure be furnished to the St. Louis Division in order that they may be directed to interested offices.

PFD:dw
REGISTERED MAIL
cc: Package (Registered Mail)
cc: SL 100-2035, KKK

Cco post p

105-394-19 19

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: October 22, 1952

FROM : SAC, Miami (105-526)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

REGISTERED MAIL

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE
Aka, Allied American Association
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

On September 11, 1952 [redacted] advised that BILL HENDRIX, Grand Dragon of the Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

Informant stated on the following day, September 6, 1952, [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] advised informant [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

Informant advised that on September 8, 1952 [redacted] b7D HENDRIX attended a meeting of the Gibsonton, Florida Klavern. Informant stated that in HENDRIX's talk before the Klavern he advised there were now one hundred twenty-eight organizations in the north operating from coast to coast who are working along

MMJ:Js
(RM)

cc: 1 - Atlanta (Info.) (RM)
1 - Cincinnati (Info.) (RM)
1 - Chicago (Info.) (RM)
1 - Mobile (Info.) (RM)
1 - New Haven (Info.) (RM)
1 - New Orleans (Info.) (RM)
1 - New York (Info.) (RM)
1 - Savannah (Info.) (RM)
(2) - St. Louis (RM)

assigned Donegan 105-394-20

SEARCHED MA INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
OCT 27 1952
FBI - ST. LOUIS

Declassified By SP-7
On 2/11/82

b6
b7C

the lines of the Ku Klux Klan and who are in touch with each other. He said most of them have come to the conclusion the Klan is the only one with a system that will work, and he expects a good many of them to actively join with the Klan during the coming year.

HENDRIX told of six men from Dayton, Ohio and St. Louis, Missouri who had visited at his home about a week prior to the meeting. He stated that soon groups would be operating under the leadership of the Southern Knights. HENDRIX also stated the White Protective Association, St. Louis, is a similar organization and there is a similar organization in Dayton, Ohio. HENDRIX inferred that these two organizations are getting ready to join with the Klan. He stated the members of these groups would actually be a part of the organization and will pay dues to HENDRIX.

HENDRIX further told how a White Protective Association threw ten gallons of gasoline on a swimming pool in St. Louis which was thrown open to mixed bathing. He said they lighted the gasoline, but it did not stop the mixed bathing. Informant stated HENDRIX said a man by the name of JOHN HAMILTON, and a man named [redacted] had appealed to him and he told them to burn a cross, which they did, and the pool practically quit doing business.

In a private conversation with HENDRIX, informant stated he had gathered the impression that HENDRIX was not favorably considering a meeting at the Waldorf Astoria in New York with McGINLEY, as suggested by [redacted]. He also stated the group from St. Louis who had visited him over the Labor Day weekend had offered him $200 expense money to go to St. Louis to speak before their groups and that he intends to go.

HENDRIX told the informant that approximately three or four years ago he published a newspaper for the organization "Southern Gospel". He stated in this newspaper he ran a fake advertisement under the name of "Association for the Advancement of White People" and that a man named BOHARNEAU in Chicago had recently written him requesting permission to use this name in organizing a group of "our" people. HENDRIX stated this is being done, but he doesn't think much will come of it.

HENDRIX stated a man by the name of PETE XAVIER is very active in Dayton, Ohio. He also expressed the opinion that he

thinks several large groups will be organized and operating throughout the north in the coming year. He referred several times to six men who had visited him from St. Louis and Dayton, but did not mention any names other than [redacted] and JOHN HAMILTON. b6 b7C

HENDRIX advised the informant that the "Minute Women of Connecticut" recently held a convention in Chicago which was attended by some 500. HENDRIX stated when UPTON CLARE made a speech before this group, he mentioned the need to return to Christian principles. According to HENDRIX, one of the secretaries of the group became irritated at this and stated it looked to her like the organization was going anti-Semitic, so she resigned and made a statement to the papers.

For the information of the New Orleans Office, the St. Louis Office advised that [redacted] was invited to attend a convention in Chicago, Illinois July 4 through 6, 1952 for the purpose of forming an organization on a national basis to be known as the National Association for the Advancement of White People. This new organization would consolidate groups similar to that of the Citizens' Protective Association throughout the country. The Citizens' Protective Association was an organization formed in St. Louis by JOHN W. HAMILTON and was formerly affiliated with the Christian Nationalist Party. The main purpose of the Citizens' Protective Association, whose actions have been confined to St. Louis, is the advancement of the white race and it is strongly anti-Negro. b7D

At the convention of the National Association for the Advancement of White People at Chicago it was decided to change the name from the National Association for the Advancement of White People to the Allied American Association.

All offices receiving copies of this letter are requested to be exceptionally discrete in the handling of this information, inasmuch as [redacted] is [redacted] BILL HENDRIX, the Grand Dragon and head of the Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, and [redacted] Therefore, if any of the information supplied by b7D

[redacted] were to be made known to [redacted] b7D

[redacted] RUC.

MMJ:Js
105-526

FD-5
(7-10-52)

CHARGE-OUT SLIP

PERMANENT

FILE 105 394 _____ 2/20/53

Class Number Last Serial Date

Serials 20 1 copy of let. from Miami ddt. 10/22/52 to SL
charged out and filed in 100-2035.
Date

Serials ~~xxxxx~~ _____ _____
Date

Serials _____ _____
Date

Employee: _____

RECHARGE

_____
Date

To: _____ From: _____

DIRECTOR, FBI (RM) 11-4-52

SAC, CINCINNATI (105-399)

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Relets St. Louis to Bureau 8-25-52 and 9-6-52.

[redacted] who requested that their names be kept strictly confidential, advised that PETER L. XAVIER has lived [redacted] at 335 Linwood Street, in the home of Mrs. GRACE SILVEY, for about two years. They said that Mrs. SILVEY owns and operates the Independent Press at 16 South Patterson Boulevard, Dayton, Ohio, which prints a newspaper and does job printing. They said that the newspaper prints articles which are always criticizing taxes or government policies, and that XAVIER helps Mrs. SILVEY with the paper. They advised that Mrs. SILVEY is a widow, her husband having died about five years ago. b7D

They further advised that XAVIER has been connected with and interested in an organization known as the National Security League, which was against the United Nations and was unpopular in Dayton. [redacted] said that she can sometimes overhear talk from [redacted] and that a few weeks ago she heard XAVIER make a remark that "we're going to get tough and let people know who we are". b7D

They said that there is another man named MACK PYLE who also lives in the home of Mrs. SILVEY. [redacted] said that about May, 1952, he made some remarks which indicated to her that he was intolerant of Negroes. She said that she has not heard anyone [redacted] promote any organization, but has heard them mention the Citizen's Protective Association, which is against the United Nations. She recalled that a man recently visited [redacted] who was very old and had a full beard. b6 b7C b7D

Mr. FRANK STEINER, 337 Linwood Street, Dayton, Ohio, advised that Mrs. GRACE SILVEY, who is between fifty and sixty years of age, has lived next door at 335 Linwood for about twenty years. He said that Mrs. SILVEY has two roomers, one named MACK PYLE, age about fifty, and the other man, whose name he does not know, who is younger and has a heavy build. He said that he never has known any of the persons next door to promote any organizations or talk against our government, but that the short man, about a year ago, asked him to sign a petition "to get our boys back from Korea". Mr. STEINER said he did not

105-394 -21

RMM:RMH
CC: St. Louis (105-394) (RM)
Chicago (RM)

assigned
NOV - 6 1952
FBI, ST. LOUIS

know who was the sponsor of this petition, but understood it was the short man himself. PETER XAVIER has been described as 5' 4" tall, 165 pounds, and of heavy build. He said that PYLE once told him that he worked at Wright-Patterson Air Force Base.

[redacted] Grismer Tire Company, 26 South Patterson Boulevard, Dayton, Ohio, advised that Mrs. GRACE SILVEY is the owner of the Independent Press at 16 South Patterson Boulevard, does mostly job printing, and does most of the work at her establishment herself. She said that Mrs. SILVEY is a widow, is rather "peculiar" and is very "old fashioned" in her appearance and dress. b6 b7C

Mr. FRANK DAVIS, Chief of Police, Brookville, Ohio, advised that Mr. JESSE D. LANDIS is a Junk Dealer and lives on Wolf Creek Pike in Brookville. He said that LANDIS has no record at the Police Department, but that he has known LANDIS about eight years and that LANDIS is an "agitator", in that he talks against taxes and city improvements. He said that he also heard that LANDIS belonged to some "screwball" organization in Dayton, probably the National Security League, which got some newspaper publicity in connection with the United Nations a year or two ago. He described LANDIS as about seventy years old, male, white, 6' tall, 170 pounds, white hair, full beard, single, and poorly dressed.

[redacted] Deputy Clerk, Montgomery County Board of Elections, 18 North Ludlow Street, Dayton, Ohio, advised that records reflect that PETER L. XAVIER, 335 Linwood Street, Dayton, Ohio, has been registered since February 14, 1952; MACK L. PYLE, 335 Linwood Street, Dayton, Ohio since October 6, 1946; Mr. JESSE D. LANDIS, Wolfcreek Pike, Brookville, Ohio since October 5, 1944; and Mrs. A. GRACE SILVEY, 335 Linwood Street, Dayton, Ohio since October 2, 1930. b6 b7C

[redacted] Supervisor, Credit Bureau of Dayton, Incorporated, advised that files of her office reflect no credit record for PETER L. XAVIER, JESSE D. LANDIS or Mrs. A. GRACE SILVEY. Records reflect that MACK PYLE has been known to her office since March, 1932. Records show he was born February 28, 1897 at Savage, Kentucky, and presently resides at 335 Linwood Street, Dayton, Ohio. He was shown as employed at Frigidaire Division of GMC, Dayton, Ohio in 1938 and 1941; at Wright-Patterson Air Force in 1943, and after that, at Vandalia Airport. b6 b7C

b6
b7C

CIN FILE #105-399

[redacted] Civilian Personnel Section, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, advised that record cards, prior to 1946, have been destroyed.

[redacted] Civilian Personnel Section, Gentile AF Specialized Depot, Dayton, Ohio, advised that she could locate no record of PYLE's employment.

[redacted], Secretary to Manager, Municipal Airport, Vandalia, Ohio, advised that she could locate no employment record on PYLE.

[redacted] Frigidaire Division of GMC, 300 Taylor Street, Dayton, Ohio, advised that files reflect that PYLE was employed here from December 7, 1932 to February 3, 1942, when he was laid off.

Records of the Common Pleas Court of Montgomery County, Ohio, Division of Domestic Relations, Dayton, Ohio, Case Number 51284 DR, reflects that MARGUERITE M. PYLE married MACK L. PYLE on October 12, 1946 at Dayton, Ohio and divorced him for neglect of duty July 12, 1950.

Identification Officer [redacted], Dayton, Ohio Police Department, advised that files of the department reflect no arrest records in the names of J. D. LANDIS or PETER L. XAVIER.

RUC

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, St. Louis (105-394)
(100-2035)

DATE: November 10, 1952

FROM : Director, FBI (105-18867)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, Aka
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

KLU KLUX KLAN, ST. LOUIS DIVISION
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Reference is made to your letter dated October 29, 1952, transmitting under separate cover, one roll of exposed, undeveloped microfilm, pertaining to the above-captioned matter.

In accordance with your request, the film has been developed and two prints of each exposure are being forwarded to your office, under separate registered cover.

105-394-22

SEARCHED ..... INDEXED .....
SERIALIZED ..... FILED .....
NOV 12 1952
FBI - ST. LOUIS

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC DATE: 8-19-52

FROM : SA PHILIP F. DONEGAN

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, Aka, Allied American Association IS - X

Instant memorandum is being prepared to channelize information contained in the six page typewritten report of [redacted] of known reliability, dated July 14, 1952, which was received personally by the writer on 7-20-52. Instant report concerns the informant's attendance at the Founding Convention of the National Association For the Advancement of White People, also known as, Allied American Association, which was held at Chicago, Illinois, July 4, 5, 6, 1952. The original of the informant's report is being filed in 66-1935A, immediately beneath this memorandum. The duplicate copy is being filed in 105-394. b7D

Informant's report is as follows:

"July 14, 1952

"On July 4, 5, & 6, 1952, I attended the Nationalist Convention. The meetings were held at 546 Milwaukee, Chicago, Ill.

"I arrived at the meeting on July 4th at 3:00 pm. The meeting had started at 10:00 am. I was met at the door by a woman named [redacted]. She had me register and told me the Convention fee was $5.00. She asked if I knew anyone at the meeting and what organization I represented. She then showed me into the meeting hall. I took a seat on the far side of the hall and counted about 15 people. On the walls and standing about the meeting hall were many posters denouncing the United Nations, the Communists, taxes, negroes and Jews. b6 b7C

[redacted] had told me that all of the speaches were being recorded on wire tape. At the time I entered the meeting Mr. George Higgens from Los Angeles, California was telling the gathering that the United States is now in the hands of the 'Money Power', this 'Money Power' being the Rothchilds International Banking Monopoly. Mr. Higgens said that the United Nations Organization is making of this Money Powers and by joining the United Nations the United States is selling itself into permanent bonded debt. Mr. Higgens wants to repudiate all b6 b7C

105-394-23

INDEXED ... FILED ... AUG 19 1952 FBI ST. LOUIS

PFD:dw
105-394
cc: 100-10834, Citizens Protective Assoc.
cc: 66-1935A

certificates and retire all Federal Reserve Notes. Congress would then print debt free currency. The Income Tax Law must be abolished. The Farm Relief Act, and the Taft-Hartley Act are also tools of the Money Power and must be repealed. Mr. Higgens claimed that the Money Power is using all of these things to bring about inflation, then when the value of the dollar is low enough to create panic they will tell the people that the only way to save The United States is to join the United Nations. And - the United Nations will put us in poverty.

"Mr. Higgens is a candidate for the position of president of the United States. He represents the Liberty Party.

"Following Mr. Higgens was Mrs. E. Alumbough. She made a short plea for taking the United States out from under the international banking powers and letting these powers go under.

"Mr. Dan Kurtz from New York, New York told of how he spoke on street corners telling the people that if the Jewish people were not run out of the country they would soon take over. He told of making some of his talks in the Rockaway Beach area of New York and as a result being arrested.

"At this point (6:00 pm) Mr. Beauharnais announced that the halls were used for these meetings without charge - but we were expected to take all of our meals there. The meeting recessed for dinner.

"The meeting was reopened at 8:00 pm. Mr. Peter Xavier spoke on the United Nations. In his opinion it is against the constitution. Mr. Xavier received a dishonorable discharge from the United States Army because he stood in front of the United Nations building, threw the U.N. flag on the ground and called the president a traitor. Mr. Xavier claimed that someday he would be reinstated and he would then ask for all of his back pay from the time he was discharged.

"A man from Chicago, whose name I do not know, spoke on the money question. He was in my opinion a very poor speaker and I was unable to get any main points from his talk other than the fact that the thought we were paying taxes on taxes in many cases.

"Another Chicago man talked about the hospitals of our country. He had a plan for saving a large sum of money for the country if they would let him try. He seemed very angry with the negroes who went to the hospitals to have illegitimate children. He said that he had been fired at one hospital

and was unable to get a job at any other hospital because he had talked so strongly about this matter. But in the end he said he had been thankful for he had been forced to go into business for himself. Now he is going to take the case to court, and then he claimed the newspapers would get the facts that he had tried to get them to print before.

"The remaining portion of the meeting was taken up by Mr. CONDE McGenley who stated that all of our troubles were rooted in the Jews, for they were behind the Russians. Mr. McGenley is the editor of a paper called "Common Sence" This paper had been distributed free of charge but the demand grew to be so great that Mr. McGenley devotes all of his time to printing the paper and distributing all over the country at a cost of five cents per copy to cover expences. Mr. McGenley said that several attempts have been made on his life and he has been threatened many times. His printing plant has been bombed and his newsmen also threatened. However, they are continuing to meet the incresing demand for their paper.

"The meeting ended at 10:00 pm.

"I rode home with Mr. Beauharnais and [redacted] said that he would like to have Gerald Smith, who was supposed to be in Chicago, come to speak at one of the meetings. b6 b7C

"On Saturday, July 5, 1952 I arrived at the meeting place at 9:45 am. The meeting was called to order at 11:00 am. and Mr. Peter Xavier was named chairman. Mr. Higgens led members in pledge of alligance to the flag. Mr. Hamilton, of St. Louis MO. led in prayer.

"Mr. Xavier then called upon Miss Walker from Iowa to speak on the farm situation. Miss Walker was one of three sisters at the convention. She seemed very disturbed that the farm bureau was taking the farmers away from God. Miss Walker broke down in tears saying that the government was making the farmer lazy by letting him plant only certain crops. The farms and farmers were being ruined.

"Mr. Kurtz was called upon to speak about the Jews. He repeated his remarks of the previous day.

"Mr. Hamilton was then called to tell about the negro in St. Louis. He said that the negro is a backward man and

he always will be. The negro has eaten out the heart of St. Louis, a minority group has dictated the policy, kangaroo courts were in session and the negro got off very lightly for his crimes. Mr. Hamilton told of a pair of negroes who had gotten very light sentences after killing an Overland policeman and would be eligable for parole in five years. However, said Mr. Hamilton this is a situation which the people are going to stop. Mr. Hamilton said that the people in St. Louis are going to begin to do something about the negroes. Mr. Hamilton urged that the groups represented there unite so that they could do something about fighting this situation all over the country.

"The meeting stopped at 1:00 pm for lunch. I returned to my hotel because of an upset stomach. When I returned that evening (7:30 pm) the members were eating dinner. I was told that Mr. Beauharnais had delivered a very interesting speech that afternoon.

"At 9:00 pm Mr. Beauharnais called the meeting to order and told his version of the Ciro story. One afternoon Mrs. DeRose called Mr. Beauharnais and asked him to help her get back her property which had caused such an uproar because it was believed that a negro family was to move in. Mrs. De Rose had by mistake retained a negro lawyer to defend her in a case with the rent control office. This lawyer and his associates gained control of Mrs. DeRose's property and by employing a negro couple to pretend that they were going to move into the apartment house they hoped to get $120,000 for a $60,000 valued piece of property. Mrs. DeRose employed a second lawyer to sue the first. When this case came into court Mrs. Derose was jailed for contempt of court. When Mr. Beauharnais and her parents went to post bond they were told she was being held for psychiatric examination. She was found to be mentally unbalanced and was sent to Kankakee. Mr. Beauharnais said that Mrs. DeRose was not given an opportunity to speak on her own behalf. He was going to do all that was in his power to see that she was helped. A man tried to question Mr. Beauharnais while he was telling this story. Mr. Beauharnais stopped him saying that he wanted to be sure to get the full story on the recording in case he was called to court. At the close of Mr. Beauharnais' speach the man asked why should anyone try to help this woman - she had employed two negro lawyers and had been married eight times. Mr. Beauharnais said this made no difference the woman needed help.

"Meeting ended at 10:00 pm. I left the meeting with [redacted] Mr. Beauharnais and another man. The ladies went home and Mr. Beauharnais took us to another Nationalist meeting which was held at the Atlantic Hotel. The meeting was over. I learned that they had had the same speakers at this meeting that had spoken to our group. I walked back to my hotel alone.

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b7C

"On Sunday, July 6, 1952, the meeting started at 12:00 noon. At this time many resolutions were voted on. I will be mailed a copy of these in the near future. The meeting recessed from 2:30 untill 4:00. Then a Mr. Lambert told how his old section of Woodlawn in Chicago was being overrun by the negroes. He had owned a restaurant in this section. He said that the negroes often left without paying for their meal. On one occasion he stopped a negro woman who was leaving without having paid. She hit and cursed him and the following day had him brough to court suing him for $20. A few days later another colored woman got up and left the restaurant without paying. Mr. Lambert would not allow the waiter to stop her for he said he would get no backing from the police. The Woodlawn merchants have had to just stand by and watch their stores broken into and robbed for the police do nothing to help them. This is Mr. Lamberts reason for supporting the White Circle League and anti-negro organization.

"Then Mr. Lewis Klenke, president of the Illinois United Farmers spoke against use of artificial fertilizers and insect sprays. Mr. Klenke said these things were contrary to Gods plan. Mr. Klenke was also against use of medicines, using oleo, and florination of water systems. Mr. Klenke said he had written about agricultural questions to University agriculture departments - but he never recieved satisfactory replies. Mr. Beauharnais asked Mr. Klenke if he thought the people were being forced to use these artificial aids as part of a deep rooted plot to weeken them so that they could easily be overcome. Mr. Klenke said yes, he thought there was such a plot.

"I left the meeting at 6:00 pm. to return to St. Louis. The meetingwas to have lasted until 7:00 pm.

"On July 5, 1952 in Chicago, Ill. at the Nationalist Convention Mr. Landis made a speech in favor of abolishing all taxes. Mr. Landis, who is from Dayton, Ohio, said that he and a group of others had tried to have an earnings tax outlawed in Dayton because it had not been voted on by the people.

However, the tax did come up for a vote and the people of Dayton voted for the tax. Mr. Landis did not see why persons working in Dayton but not living there should have to pay this tax. He sent out 100 letters to persons who would have to pay the tax but would not benefit from it. In the letters he ask the people to attend a meeting to discuss this situation. Only one person come to the meeting. The American people are just stupid about these matters said Mr. Landis."

b6
b7C

July 14, 1952

On July 5, & 6, 1952, I attended the Nationalist Convention. The meetings were held at 546 Milwaukee, Chicago, Ill.

I arrived at the meeting on July 4th at 3:00pm. The meeting had started at 10:00 am. I was met at the door by a woman named [redacted] She Had me register and told me the Convention fee was $5.00. She asked if I knew anyone at the meeting and what organization I represented. She then showed me into the meeting hall. I took a seat on the far side of the hall and counted about 15 people. On the walls and standing about the meeting hall were many posters denouncing the United Nations, the Communists, taxes, negroes and Jews.

[redacted] had told me that all of the speaches were being recorded on wire tape. At the time I entered the meeting Mr. George Higgens from Los Angeles, California was telling the gathering that the United States is now in the hands of the 'Money Power', this 'Money Power' being the Rothchilds International Banking Monopoly. Mr. Higgens said that the United Nations Organization is making of this Money Powere and by joining the United Nations the United States is selling itself into permanent bonded debt. Mr. Higgens wants to repudiate all gold certificates and retire all Federal Reserve Notes. Congress would then print debt free currency. The Income Tax Law must be abolished. The Farm Relief Act, and the Taft-Hartley Act are also tools of the Money Power and must be repealed. Mr. Higgens claimed that the Money Power is using all of these things to bring about inflation, then when the value of the dollar is low enough to create panic they will tell the people that the only way to save The United States is to join the United Nations. And - the United Nations will put us in poverty

Mr. Higgens is a candidate for the position of president of the United States. He represents the Liberty Party.

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At this point (6:00 pm) Mr. Beauharnais announced that the halls were used for these meetings without charge - but we were expected to take all of our meals there. The meeting recessed for dinner.

T he meeting was reopened at 8:00 pm. Mr. Peter Xavier spoke on the United Nations. In his opinion it is against the constitution. Mr. Xavier received a dishonorable discharge from the United States Army because he stood in front of the United Nations building, threw the U.N. flag on the ground and called the president a traitor. Mr. Xavier claimed that someday he would be reinstated and he would then ask for all of his back pay from the time he was discharged.

A man from Chicago, whose n me I do not know, spoke on the money question. He was in my opinion a very poor spea ker and I was unable to get any main points from his talk other than the fact that he thought we were paying taxes on taxes in many cases.

Another C hicago man talked about the hospitals of our country. He had a plan for saving a large sum of money for the country if they would let him try. He seemed very angry with the negroes who went to the hospitals to have illegitimate children. He said that he had been fired at one hospital

and was unable to get a job at any other hospital because he had talked so strongly about this matter. But in the end he said he had been thankful for he had been forced to go into business for himself. Now he is going to take the case to court, and then he claimed the newspapers would get the facts that he had tried to get them to print before.

The remaining portion of the meeting was taken up by Mr. Conde McGenley who stated that al l of our troubles w ere rooted in the Jews for they were be hind the Russians. Mr. McGenley is the editor of a paper called "Common Sence" This pa er had been distributed free of charge but the demand grew to be so great that Mr. McGenley devotes all of his time to printing the paper and distributing all over the country at a cost of five cents per copy to cover expences. Mr. McGenley said that several attempts have been made on his life and he has been threatened many times. His printing plant has been bombed an d his newsmen also threatened. However, they are continuing to meet the increasing demand for their paper.

The meeting ended at 10:00 pm.

I rode home with Mr. Beauharnais and [redacted] said that he would like to have Gerald Smith, who was supposed to be in Chicago, come to speak at one of the meetings. b6 b7C

On Saturday, July 5, 1952 I arrived at the meeting place at 9:45 am. The meeting was called to order at 11:00 am. and Mr. Peter Xavier was named c hairman. Mr. Higgens led members in pledge of alligance to the flag. Mr. Ha milton, of St. Louis MO. led in prayer.

Mr. Xavier then c alled upon Miss Walker from Iowa to speak on the farm situation. Miss Walker wa s one of three sisters at the convention. She seemed very disturbed that the farm bureau was taking the farmers away from

God. Miss Walker broke down in tears saying that the government was making the farmer lazy by letting him plant only certain crops. The farms and farmers we re being ruined.

Mr. Kurtz was called upon to speak about the Jews. He repeated his remarks of the previous day.

Mr. Hamilton was then called to tell about the negro in St. Louis. He said that the negro is a backward man and he always will be. The negro has eaten out the heart of St. louis, a minority group has dictated the policy, kangaroo courts were in session and the negro got off very lightly f or his crimes. Mr. Hamilton told of a pair of negroes who had gotten very light sentences after killing an Overland policeman and would be eligable for parole in five years. However, said Mr. Hamilton this is a situation which the people are going to stop. Mr. Hamilton said that the people in St. Louis are going to begin to do something about the negroes. Mr. Hamilton urged that the groups represented there unite so that they could do something about fighting this situation all over the country.

The meeting stopped at 1:00 pm for lunch. I returned to my hotel because of an upset stomach. When I returned that evening (7:50 pm) the members were eating dinner. I wa s told that Mr. Beauharnais had delivered a very interesting speech that afternoon.

At 9:00 pm Mr. Beauharnais called the meeting to order and told his version of the Ciro story. One afternoon Mrs. DeRose called Mr. Beauharnais and asked him to help her get back her property which had caused such an uproar because it was believed that a negro family was to move in. Mrs. DeRose had by mistake retained a negro lawyer to defend her in a case with the rent control office. This lawyer and his associated gained control of Mrs. DeRose's property and by employing a negro couple

to pretend that they were going to move into the apartment house they hoped to get $120,000 for a $60,000 valued piece of property. Mrs. DeRose employed a second lawyer to sue the first. When this case came into court Mrs. Derose was jailed for contempt of court. When Mr. Beauharnais and her parents went to post bond they were told she was being held for psychiatric examination. She was found to be mentally unbalanced and was sent to Kankakeee, Mr. Beauharnais said that Mrs. DeRose was not given sent t
an opportunity to speak on her own behalf. He was going to do all that was in his power to see that she was helped. A man tried to question Mr. Beauharnais while he was telling this story. Mr. Beauharnais stopped him saying that he wanted to be sure to get the full story on the recording in case he was called to court. At the close of Mr. Beauharnais' speach the man asked why should anyone try to help this woman - she had employed two negro lawyers and had been married eight times. Mr. Beauharnais said this made no difference the woman neededhelp.

Meeting ended at 10:00 pm. I left the meeting with [redacted], [redacted], Mr. Beauharnais and another man. The ladies went home and Mr. Beauharnais took us to another Nationalist meeting which was held at the Atlantic Hotel. The meeting was over. I learned that they had had the same speakers at this meeting that had spoken to our group. I walked back to my hotel alone.

b6
b7C

On Sunday, July 6, 1952, the meeting started at 12:00 noon. At this time many resolutions were voted on. I will be mailed a copy of these in the near future. The meeting recessed from 2:30 untill 4:00. Then a Mr. Lambert told how his old section of Woodlawn in Chicago was being overrun by the negroes. He had owned a restaurant in this section. He said that the

negroes often left without paying for their meal. On one occasion he stopped a negro woman who was leaving without having paid. She hit and cursed him and the following day had him brought to court suing him for $20. A few days later another colored woman got up and left the restaurant without paying. Mr. Lambert would not allow the waiter to stop her for he said he would get no backing from the police. The Woodlawn merchants have had to just stand by and watch there stores broken into and robbed for the police do nothing to help them. This is Mr. Lamberts reason for supporting the White Circle League an ant i-negro organization.

Then Mr. Lewis Klenke, president of the Illinois United Farmers spoke against use of artificial fertilizers and insec t sprays. Mr. Klenke said these things were contrary to Gods plan. Mr. Klenke was also against use of medicines, using oleo, and florination of water systems. Mr. Klenke said he had written about agricultural questions to University agriculture departments - but he never recieved satisfactory replies. Mr. Beauharnais asked Mr. Klenke if he thought the people were being forced to use these artificial aids as part of a deep rooted plot to weeken them so that they could easily be overcome. Mr. Klenke said yes, he thought there was such a plot.

I left the meeting at 6:00 pm. to return to St. Louis. The meeting was to have lasted until 7:00 pm.

A 133

On July 5, 1952 in Chicago,Ill. at the Nationalist Convention Mr. Landis made a speech in favor of abolishing all taxes. Mr. Landis, who is from Dayton, Ohio, said that he and a group of others had tried to have an earnings tax outlawed in Dayton because it had not been voted on by the people. However, the tax did come up for a vote and the people of Dayton voted for the tax. Mr. Landis did not see why persons working in Dayton but not living there should have to pay this tax. He sent out 100 letters to persons who would have to pay the tax but would not benefit from it. In the letters he ask the people to attend a meeting to discuss this situation. Only one person came to the meeting. The American people are just stupid about these matters said Mr. Landis.

A 133

SAC September 26, 1952

SA PHILIP F. DONEGAN (100-2035)

KLU KLUX KLAN
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

This memo is being prepared for the purpose of channelizing information contained in a report which was received from [redacted] by the writer on September 5, 1952 by United States mail. This report deals with the informant's visit at the home of BILL HENDRIX, Grand Dragon of the Southern Knights of the Klu Klux Klan at Tallahassee, Florida, from August 29 to September 2, 1952. The original informant report is being filed in chronological order in 66-1935 A with a copy of this memo. The duplicate copy is being filed immediately beneath a copy of this memo in 100-2035. The informant's report is as follows: b7D

"On the evening of Friday, August 29, 1952, I arrived at the home of John Hamilton, Vandeventer and West Pine, at 10:30 P.M. At this time I met [redacted] who was to take the trip to Tallahassee, Florida with us. We, (John Hamilton [redacted] and I) talked about the purpose of this trip which was to organize American Confederate Army, which would bring together the various organizations throughout the country who had interest in common. Hamilton said that he had never met Bill Hendricks, to whose home we were travelling. We left Hamilton's at 2:00 AM Saturday taking a taxi to [redacted] home of [redacted] We left St. Louis at 3:00 AM Saturday morning. There was very little conversation. I fell asleep and awoke when we reached Cairo, Ill. [redacted] asked me to take over driving. There was some talk about American Confederate Army. Hamilton had shown me a card which stated that he held the office of Colonel in the American Confederate Army. They talked about Gerald T. Smith, a leader of several organization in St. Louis. Hamilton claimed that he was largely responsible for getting Smith on the ballot as candidate for President on the Socialist Ticket. There was very little other conversation for most of the group were reading several negro newspapers. b6 b7C

"At 11:30 AM we arrived at Tallahassee, Florida. We drove to the home of Bill Hendricks, 1417 Chowkeebin Nene St., Tallahassee, Florida. Mr. Hamilton recognized Hendricks car parked in front of the house. [redacted] and Hamilton went to the door but no one answered. [redacted] said that Hendricks was very likely out on a "party" for he was known to be called out at any hour. We drove into town to get something to eat and then returned to Hendricks home. He answered this time and explained that he had been sleeping and had not heard us before. He invited us in saying he would fix us places to sleep. b6 b7C

PFD:bas
cc: 100-10834 GPA
[redacted]
105-394 WANWP
100-6013 G. L. K. Smith
66-1935A

105-394-24
RN
SEP 26 1952
FBI-ST LOUIS

"Hendricks said that they had started the American Confederate Army in a joke - but now there were applications for membership coming from all over the country. At present everything was being kept very quiet because Klan leader in Georgia was in trouble. Even though he had pleaded guilty they were going to try for a new trial. Hendricks said that the Klu Klux Klan is not against any church but they were at odds with some church leaders. He also said that the Klan should not be blamed for the bombing of the negro housing projects. After all, he said, when you put negroes right in the middle of a white settlement anyone could have done it.

"Hendricks asked what we knew about a man named [redacted] Hamilton replied that [redacted] was a joiner and got into various organizations as a passing fad. They best thing to do was stay away from [redacted] said Hamilton. b6 b7C

"I went to bed. When I awakened the following day Hendricks and [redacted] were talking about the Klan. [redacted] was with them. [redacted] asked if they had a charter and about the costume. Hendricks then showed us the charter and put on one of his Klan costumes - a gown, cape, and hood made of blue satin. This he said was the Grand Dragons outfit. The Grand Dragon is his present office. He also showed us a gold tunic, and hood with a green cape - this was the outfit of the Emperial Wizard - one of his previous offices. Regular members wore the all white costume, he explained. b6 b7C

"At one time, Hendricks told us, he went to a meeting held in Miami. The Mayor had ordered the police to tear the Klan costume from anyone who appeared in one. Hendricks said the weather was very warm so he put on his costume without wearing any clothes under it and dared the police to rip it off.

"Hendricks has a Willys station wagon into which they put a loud speaker system when they hold meetings. Someone in the car often does the speaking while the person in costume standing before the group goes through the motions. On one evening a newspaper reporter was caught close to the car and they beat him up. When he reported to the police, Hendricks brought out a knife which he said the reported had attacked him with - saying that it was therefore necessary for him to defend himself.

"On another occasion a couple of reporters were caught at a meeting. They were forced to drink a quart of whiskey each and then were thrown into a cabin with some negro women and the police were called.

"Hendricks said that he had a couple of sure methods for dealing the troublesome people. One was to get a blade knife and a cane. Have several members witness another beating the person with the cane and then

when the police are called they can say that the man had been attacked with the knife.

"Another was a method which he had recently used on a wealthy man who was making trouble. He called to order all sorts of things, (such as sand, gravel, cement, bricks, and like) to be charged and delivered to the man at his - (the troublemakers) home. After several days of this the man was willing to do anything to put a stop to it.

"Hamilton awakened and asked if there was a place we could go swimming. Hendricks said the beach was 50 miles away but he would be glad to take us. While driving the conversation turned to the north and south negro situation. The negroes seem to be moving north. Hendricks said that he was sure that soon the Supreme Court would rule "no segregation of any kind". This would force many people into the Klan.

"Hendricks talked against the Jewish people whom he said are "taking over" in Miami. When running for governor of Florida (as a joke), Hendricks had said in public that he did not want any Jew or negro to vote for him. Although he made no formal campaign, he claimed, he got 11,000 votes.

"Hendricks said the Klan had succeeded in getting a sheriff elected by going up to negroes and asking them if they knew Bill Hendricks. When they replied they did they were told that their mans opponent was planning to make Hendricks his chief deputy if elected. Naturally the negro would not vote for the man when he thought he was a pal of Hendricks.

"Hendricks said that in the last election he had worked with the Daughters of the American Revolution and several other organizations in secret. Hendricks claimed that his political machine could get anyone elected that he desired. He had worked against Sen. Pepper.

"We went to dinner then returned to Hendricks home. Hamilton and [redacted] were very interested in organizing the Klu Klux Klan in Missouri. Hendricks told us to start by getting 20 men and asking each for $10, $7 to be kept in treasury and $3 for each member sent to him. Then go out and burn several crosses in different places at the same time on one evening - This would give the impression of a large membership - to be in so many places at once. Then late in October or in November rent some property in a small town. Here you can hold a meeting to start building your membership.

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b6
b7C

SAC September 26, 1952

Each man should bring another with him. Before accepting anyone be sure you know all about him. It is a good thing to turn down an applicant once in a while just on general principles. Make him wait about 6 months. Hendricks said he would come to speak to the group when we had it set up. Hamilton said he had a friend in Potosi, Mo who was a member of the Citizens Protective Association and would let us use his property for such a meeting.

"Hendricks said that their Klan had death benefits and funeral services were often held with members appear to take part in costume.

"At 1:00 we started back to St. Louis. Hendricks was with us when we had a flat. We stopped to have it fixed and were introduced to several Klan members who were glad to hear such a group would be started in Missouri.

[redacted] and I were talking and she asked me if I would be willing to go out to burn Crosses. I replied, 'Yes'. [redacted] Hamilton, and [redacted] were talking about a letter they thought Gerald T. Smith would write if he had been on this trip. He would say - 'I have been on a trip with a person interested in matters so vital and important that I dare not mention his name -' They he would ask for a donation to help with expenses.

"The conversation turned to places to burn crosses. Some suggested places were N.A.C.C.P., Urban League, and home of Rabbi Isserman. They planned to have a meeting soon to make definite plans. Hamilton was to notify us of the meeting."

The following names are being indexed:

[redacted]

American Confederate Army, front organization for Klu Klux Klan founded by
BILL HENDRICKS, Tallahassee, Florida

SAC September 29, 1952

SA PHILLP F. DONEGAN (100-10834)

CITIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

The following described exhibits were personally obtained by the writer from [redacted] on September 22, 1952. These exhibits are being maintained as evidence and the exact location of each is noted at the end of each paragraph. b7D

1. Letter dated September 12, 1952 to Members and Friends of the Citizens Protective Association announcing an important meeting to be held September 18 at which BILL FLORI will preside. The letter is signed by HELEN WOLF, Secretary-Treasurer. (66-1935A-1A6)

2. Leaflet captioned "Abraham Lincoln -, Efforts To Make America A White Nation". This contains excerpts from statements made by Lincoln on the negro problem. It also advertises the book "White America" published by the White America Society, Richmond, Virginia, stating that this book includes a historical summary of the white race in contact with colored races during the past 6,000 years. (66-1935-1A7)

3. Leaflet advertising the book "White America" by ERNEST SEVIER COX, published by White America Society, Richmond, Virginia. (66-1935A-1A8)

4. Four page leaflet captioned "The White Man Vow to the Supreme Court of the United States" by OLIVER ALLSTORM. This is a reprint of a poem by ALLSTORM concerning white supremacy publiched by the CPA, Box 15-6, St. Louis, Missouri. (66-1935A-1A9)

5. A copy of the September 1952 issue of "The White Sentinel" containing an article on teen age inter-racial clubs; comments on the book "The Races of Mankind" by ERNEST SEVIER COX; an article against the Community Chest; an open letter to HENRY WINFIELD WHEELER described as a "self-proclaimed champion of negro rights in St. Louis"; an article concerning un-American activities in California in 1951. (66-1935A-1A10)

6. A pamphlet published by the Citizens Protective Association entitled "Report of Institute of Pacific Relations" which appears to be a reprint of report number 2050 submitted by Senator McCarran from the Committee on the Judiciary. It contains conclusions, legislative recommendations, investigation recommended and departmental activity recommended by the Committee on the Institute of Pacific Relations. (66-1935A-1A11) 105-394-25

PFD:bas
cc: [redacted]
105-394 NAAWP
66-1935A [redacted]

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7. Letter dated August 18, 1952 to members of the Citizens Protective Association announcing a meeting of the CPA to be held August 21 at which BILL FLORI will preside and JOHN W. HAMILTON will be the principal speaker. This letter is signed HELEN WOLF, Secretary-Treasurer. (66-1935A-1A12)

8. Flier captioned "Beware of Joseph Lohman, The Number One Mongrelizer and Enemy of the White Race in America". This flier is signed JOSEPH BEAUHARNAIS, founder, The White Circle League of America, Post Office Box 531, Chicago 90, Illinois. It states that LOHMAN's book "Segregation in Washington" is a glaring insult to every normal, decent white person. (66-1935A-1A13)

9. Flier captioned "The White Circle League of America" which contains reprints of articles which appeared in the Illinois Worker and in the Worker, August 10, 1952, concerning the nationalist convention which was held in Chicago, chairmaned by JOSEPH BEAUHARNAIS and PETER XAVIER. (66-1935A-1A14)

10. One copy of the August 1952 issue of "The White Sentinel" which contains an article on a year of achievement of the CPA as well as articles on recent activity of NAACP in Mississippi, republican negroes, and a lengthy article on the negro crime waive, describing more crimes by negroes which allegedly were never published in the paper. (66-1935A-1A15)

The following names are being indexed:

BILL FLORI, presiding official at meetings of the CPA

ERNEST SEVIER COX, author of "The Races of Mankind" and author of "White America".

HENRY WINFIELD WHEELER; JOSEPH BEAUHARNAIS, founder of the White Circle League;

JOSEPH LOHMAN, author of "Segregation in Washington"

OFFICE MEMORANDUM * UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, Chicago DATE: 2-9-53

FROM: SAC, St. Louis REGISTERED MAIL

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE
IS - X

Re St. Louis let to Director 8-25-52 concerning the Nationalist Convention held at Chicago, Illinois in July, 1952.

As stated in relet, the Nationalist Convention was attended by individuals representing various organizations from different sections of the country. One purpose of the convention was to organize the above-captioned organization. However, it appears that since the time of the Nationalist Convention very little has been done towards forming the NAAWP into an active organization.

Copies of pertinent literature which was obtained by [redacted] from the Nationalist Convention are being transmitted with this letter to interested offices for information purposes as designated below: b7D

ATLANTA

1. Flyer announcing Georgia State Money Convention, Columbus, Georgia.

2. Advertisement of "The Spider," 1326 Ross Street, Macon, Ga.

3. Advertisement of National Patrick Henry Organization, Columbus, Ga.

4. Booklet entitled, "Your Pocket Atom Bomb," by JESSIE W. JENKINS, Columbus, Ga.

5. Booklet entitled, "A Challenge to All Good Americans" published by the National Patrick Henry Organization, Columbus, Ga.

PFD:ajs

cc: 1 - Atlanta; 1 - package for Atlanta (RM)
1 - Boston (Enc. -1)(REGISTERED MAIL)
1 - Package for Chicago (RM)
1 - Detroit (Enc. - 1)(RM)
1 - Kansas City (Enc. - 1)(RM)
1 - Los Angeles (Enc. - 1)(RM)
1 - Minneapolis (Enc. - 1)(RM)
1 - New Haven (Enc. - 1)(RM)
1 - New York (Enc. - 3)(RM)
1 - San Antonio (Enc. - 1)(RM)
1 - Springfield (Enc. - 1)(RM)

CCO Post

105-394-26

6. Booklet entitled, "America is Calling You," by JESSIE W. JENKINS.

7. Booklet entitled, "America Reborn," by JESSIE W. JENKINS.

8. Booklet entitled, "Lightning Over the Treasury Building," by JOHN R. ELSOM

BOSTON

1. Reprint of newspaper colum entitled, "On Job With Labor," by VICTOR RIESEL.

DETROIT

1. Bulletin published by the Nationalist Information Service, P.O. Box 412, Farmington, Michigan.

KANSAS CITY

1. Leaflet entitled, "Startling Disclosure," distributed by the Defenders of Wichita, Kansas.

LOS ANGELES

1. Four page printed announcement of GEORGE D. HIGGINS announcing candidacy for President on Liberty Party ticket.

MINNEAPOLIS

1. Leaflet entitled, "Americanism Bulletin," published by D. HERRSTROM, Faribault, Minneapolis.

NEW HAVEN

1. One copy of "Clover Business Letter," dated June, 1951.

NEW YORK

1. One copy of reprint from "Dayton Independent," containing an article concerning the New York anti-Communist League.

2. One page flyer published by the New York anti-Communist League.

3. Flyer announcing mass meeting on 5-25-51 under auspices of New York Anti-Communist League.

SAN ANTONIO

1. Four page advertisement published by American Heritage Protective Association, PO Box 2187, San Antonio, Texas.

SPRINGFIELD

1. Leaflet distributed by the Americanism Committee of the American Legion, Matoon, Illinois.

Inasmuch as the Bureau has advised that Chicago is Office of Origin in above-captioned case, one copy of each of the above described documents is being transmitted to Chicago. In addition, copies of the following described documents are being forwarded to Chicago:

1. Booklet entitled "The Battle is the Lord's," published by the British Israel Association of Greater Vancouver, Vancouver, B.C.

2. A reprint from Mercury Magazine entitled, "Is Truman Honest?"

3. A leaflet entitled, "How do you like?" published by the Citizens Protective Association, St. Louis, Missouri.

4. Leaflet published by the White Circle League of America, Chicago, Ill.

5. Blank attendance card for Nationalist Convention, Chicago, Ill., July, 1952.

6. Leaflet entitled, "Who Wants Ike?" published by Constitutional Americans, Chicago, Illinois.

7. Reprint of article from American Mercury Magazine entitled, "Freedom's Case Against DEAN ACHESON.

FOR THE INFORMATION OF ALL OFFICES: By letter dated September 24, 1952, the Chicago Division advised that the NAAWP is not actually a functioning organization at this time. Information regarding the Nationalist Convention held at Chicago, Illinois, July 4-6, 1952, as well as information regarding the NAAWP has been followed and reported by the Chicago Division in connection with the case in that office entitled, "WHITE CIRCLE LEAGUE OF AMERICA, IS-X."

Documents listed above for transmittal to the Atlanta and Chicago Divisions are being forwarded by separate registered cover. -RUC-

SAC 8-19-52

SA PHILIP F. DONEGAN

CITIZENS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION
IS - X

Instant memorandum is being prepared for the purpose of channelizing a four page typewritten report of [redacted] of known reliability, dated 7-22-52, which was received by the writer personally on 7-23-52. It concerns a meeting of the CPA, which was held on 7-17-52 at 3547A Arsenal Street, St. Louis, Missouri. The original is being filed in 66-1935A, along with a copy of this memo. The duplicate is being filed in 100-10834. b7D

The informant's report is as follows:

"July 22, 1952

"On July 17, 1952, I attended a meeting of the Citizens Protective Association. The meeting was held at Albrecht's Hall, 3547a Arsenal St. I arrived at 7:45 pm.

"There were twenty persons at the meeting when I arrived. They were standing about in small groups. Persons known to me were John Hamilton and [redacted] I was introduced to a [redacted] had taken some pictures of the negroes and white swimming in the Fairgrounds Park Pool. He was showing them to the people at the meeting. b6 b7C

"The meeting was called to order at 8:00 pm. Mr. Flori introduced Mr. Hamilton as speaker of the evening. Mr. Hamilton told about how he and several of his friends had been passing out pamphlets to the delegates at the Republican National Convention in Chicago. They stood in front of the Stephans Hotel to distribute their leaflets, one of them being the 'White Sentinnel'. Mr. Hamilton said that there was to be a fine of $200 for anyone caught giving out anti-negro or anti-Jewish literature, but they had no trouble.

"Mr. Hamilton said that General MacArtur made a brilliant speech. Then Mr. Hamilton went on to read from several leaflets which he got at the convention. He also read from letters and newsclippings. (One of the leaflets 'Who Wants Ike?', I was able to get a copy of.)

PFD:dw
100-10834
cc: 105-394, NAAWP
cc: [redacted]
cc:
cc:
cc: 66-1935A

105-394-27

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"Mr. Hamilton told how he and several friends stood outside the Mens Room and shouted, 'Phooey on Dewey' and like phrases when they knew Mr. Dewey was inside. Finally, reported Mr. Hamilton, Mr. Dewey had two policemen escort him from the room.

"Mr. Hamilton and his friends took part in the demonstration for MacArthur. Mr. Hamilton related some of the difficulties they had. One delegate from Alaska was paid $4000 to swing his vote to Eisenhower. Another delegate from Aleghany County, Pennsylvania was told that his mortgage would be torn up if he switched to Ike - but he refused. One southern colored gentleman went to Senator McCarthy and reported that Eisenhower group had tried to bribe him also.

"At this point one of the men in the meeting jumped up and said to Mr. Hamilton and the group, that we should think it was at the time Senator McCarthy was speaking that the trouble broke out in the St. Louis Workhouse. He said that he thought that the Jewish people of St. Louis had planned this so that McCarthy's speech would not be heard.

"Mr. Hamilton continued to tell about the Republican Convention. They tried to tell the delegates of Eisenhower's faults. But money was backing Eisenhower said Mr. Hamilton and it was no use. He said Eisenhower backers kept General McArthur from speaking until 2:00 am.

"Mr. Hamilton said that 150 demonstrators were allowed to enter the convention for Senator Taft. Then 150 were admitted for Eisenhower. These Eisenhower demonstrators managed to get their passes outside to others so that Eisenhower had had 400 demonstrators, were able to gain admission to the hall. Then it was too late - most of the delegates were gone.

"Mr. Hamilton then went on to talk about increasing the funds for the St. Louis Public Library. He asked the members what they thought of this. One man was very much against this for he felt sure that it would be the negroes who would benefit and he did not favor an advancement for the negro. One of the women, a former librarian, said that it would be the 'Little guy' who lost out. The assistant librarians would loose their jobs.

"Mr. Hamilton then announced that he intends to run for the St. Louis Public School Board. Then turned the meeting back to Mr. Flori.

"Mr. Flori reminded those present that they were requested to sign a petition to remove parking meters from the outlying business districts. He asked the members if they had any ideas as to how they could attract new members and get larger crowds out to the meetings. I suggested that through the National Organization which had been planned in Chicago one city at a time could be helped to build their local organization. Mr. Flori suggested that each person go and talk to the people in his ward. Mr. Hamilton took a list of the names of the people present and the ward they represented.

"Mr. Flori talked about the police force and their lack of proper law enforcement. He told of how a negro woman who was driving a borrowed car and exceeding the speed limit smashed into the left rear side of his car. She did not stop until she had gone another half of a block. A patrolman who was sitting in a police car at the curb went after the woman. A sargaent who had also been in the car came over to talk to Mr. Flori. He asked if Mr. Flori wanted the woman arrested. Mr. Flori said he told him no, that this would take too much time in court. At this point two negro policemen came up. The two white policemen walked away shrugging their shoulders saying they could do nothing while the colored police were there.

"Mr. Hamilton said that he thought pressure sould be brought to bear so that no colored person could get a high office on the force.

"A woman stood up and told of how her property was ruined by the negroes. Each time she repaired it they tore it up. She said she had reported this to the Citizens Protective Association last year, but nothing had been done about it. She wants to sue the government for not helping her.

"Mr. Hamilton said that he would look into the matter and see what could be done to help her.

"The meeting closed at 11:00 pm.

"As he walked to the rear of the hall [redacted] motioned to me. He told me that at the meeting held at his place of business, on June 22, 1952 they had decided upon a method of getting money to build up the ogranizations funds. They

b6
b7C

are to have a lottery each month. Tickets are to sell for $1.00. Drawings will be held the first Friday of each month at 7622 Virgiia. The winner will get 50% of the reciepts. He then gave me some of the tickets to sell.

"I drove Mr. Hamilton within a block of his home. He told me the meeting in Chicago had been very successful. There had been delegates from 19 states at the meeting. He said we should receive copies of the resolutions as soon as they are drawn up."

[redacted] personally furnished the following described literature, which is being maintained as evidence and is located as Exhibit #38 through Exhibit #44 in file 66-1935A, Section 1B1. b7D

1. Exhibit #38 - one page reprint of a poem entitled, "All Hail MacArthur" by MARY JANE HELPINGSTINE, which is written in praise of Gen. Douglas MacArthur and is in criticism of President TRUMAN.

2. Exhibit #39 - Pamphlet entitled "Who Wants Ike" published by GEORGE T. FOSTER, Director of the Constitutional America, Room 803, 537 South Dearborn Street, Chicago 5, Ill. This is a summary of some of the highlights in the career of Gen. Eisenhower, which states "Eisenhower is a product of the new deal and owes all to F.D. Roosevelt and Harry S. Truman."

3. Exhibit #40 - 4 page open letter entitled, "The American Presidential Election, 1952," published and distributed by the Nationalist Information Service, P.O. Box 412, Farmington, Michigan. At the top of the first page the following letterhead appears: "Nationalist Information Bureau, 33 Wensley Avenue, Fleetwood, Lancs, England." This letter attacks EISENHOWER as "The Jews secret weapon" and states that it is the Jewish intention to transfer the United Nations to Jerusalem as the world's only neutral country and it is further their intention to set up a Jewish world dictatorship by 1955.

4. Exhibit #41 - Printed copy of a poem entitled, "White Supremacy" by OLIVER ALLSTORM.

5. Exhibit #42 - One page mimeographed flier captioned "To Honorable Robert A. Taft and his loyal delegates" which is quoted as follows: An insidious conspiracy threatens to take the Republican Party captive. No one with a good conscience can remain in a party which sacrifices principles for a so-called 'winner.' The

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

SAC, St. Louis (105-394)
(100-2035)
Director, FBI (105-18867)

November 10, 1952

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE
ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, Aka
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

KLU KLUX KLAN, ST. LOUIS DIVISION
INTERNAL SECURITY - X

Reference is made to your letter dated October 29, 1952, transmitting under separate cover, one roll of exposed, undeveloped microfilm, pertaining to the above-captioned matter.

In accordance with your request, the film has been developed and two prints of each exposure are being forwarded to your office, under separate registered cover.

all prints pertaining to NAAWP distributed as indicated in SL let 2/9/53 in 105-374 [illegible]

Filled
E. J. S.
11/10/52

SEARCHED ..... INDEXED .....
SERIALIZED ..... FILED .....
NOV 12 1952
FBI - ST. LOUIS

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AIRTEL

FBI WASH FIELD 11/5/54

DIRECTOR AND SACS ST. LOUIS
BALTIMORE (100-17756)

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, INC.,

IS - X. [redacted] PRESENTLY [redacted] b6 b7C

SUBJECT ORGANIZATION. [redacted] SERVED IN U. S. ARMY

[redacted]. BORN [redacted] ST. LOUIS REVIEW [redacted]

ARMY FILE. BALTIMORE REVIEW RECORDS GA2, FORT HOLABIRD.

BOTH OFFICES REQUESTED TO ASCERTAIN MANNER OF DISCHARGE

FROM SERVICE.

LAUGHLIN

RBL:dr

100-26356

AIRTEL

12/21/54
Lead called to
FRC (Hilton)
[illegible]

105-344-29

SEARCHED INDEXED
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NOV 8 1954
FBI - ST. LOUIS
Kurtz

Rec + A

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT WASHINGTON FIELD

FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
ST. LOUIS	12/27/54	12/21,23/54	SE WILLIAM R. STRINGER bsz

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, INC.	INTERNAL SECURITY - X

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Records AGO, MPRC, Dept. of the Army, St. Louis, Mo., indicate [redacted] in U. S. Army 4/21/43 to 8/1/45. Honorably discharged as [redacted] on a [redacted] due to [redacted] Background and descriptive data set out. Records of FRC, GSA, St. Louis, Mo., indicate [redacted] employed by War Dept., AAF, Middletown Air Depot Detachment, National Airport, Gravelly Point, Washington, D. C. Terminated by reason of resignation to join Air Corps. Employed by Dept. of Air Force, Headquarters USAF, DC/S, Operations, Director of Intelligence, Washington, D. C., Terminated by reason of resignation to enter private industry. Background and descriptive data set out. No photograph in file.

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b7C

- RUC -

DETAILS: AT ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI:

A review of the Army service record on file at the Adjutant General's Office, Military Personnel Records Center, Department of the Army, for [redacted], Army Serial Number [redacted] indicates he was inducted into the United States Army on April 21, 1943 and entered on active duty on April 21, 1943 at Fort Myer, Virginia. He was honorably discharged on August 1, 1945 as a [redacted] at Scott Field, Illinois on

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b7C

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

105-394-30

COPIES OF THIS REPORT
6 - Bureau
3 - Washington Field (100-26356)
2 - St. Louis (105-394)

PROPERTY OF FBI—THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE LOANED TO YOU BY THE FBI AND ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE OF AGENCY TO WHICH LOANED.

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16—59255-1.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC (100-10834) DATE: FEB 8 1955

FROM: SA CARL R. O'CONNOR

SUBJECT: NCPA
IS - X

Following is context of eleven page hand-printed report [redacted] personally received from [redacted], of known reliability, on 1-14-55 by the writer: b7D

"January 11, 1954

"On Saturday, January 8, 1954 I went to the office of the National Citizens Protective Association, 3154a South Grand, St. Louis, Mo. The purpose of this trip was to attend the monthly meeting of the National Board of Directors. Those present for the meeting were [redacted] b6 b7C

"Several persons asked where John Hamilton was and, if he was back from Florida. [redacted] said he had returned to St. Louis on Christmas Eve. [redacted] said he spoke to Hamilton at lunch time and Hamilton had said he would be at the meeting this evening. b6 b7C

"The meeting began with reading of minutes.

CRO:C:des
(13)
cc: [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

105-394-31

FEB 3 1955

100-12430 (J. Hamilton)
[redacted]
105-394 (N.A.A.W.P.)
2-Miami (1-105-579 (N.C.P.A.) [redacted]) RM
[redacted]
100-0- Citizens Committee Against Floridation
[redacted]

"The first order of business was a report on a letter received from Mr. Francis McHale of Florida. McHale has been working with the National Association for the Advancement of White People. Wolf said McHale thought the group had good ideals and Bowles was a good man but he thought the National Citizens Protective Association was a better group and was going about things in a better way. Wolf said that no letter had been written to McHale about accepting a position on the National Board of the N.C.P.A. He would like to know the pleasure of the board. Should they ask him now that he was so interested in the N.A.A.W.P., Imbo said he thought he should be asked for he might pull some of these people into our organization. Wolf said Bowles was pretty hard to get into anything but his own doings. He just had an $8,000 ayear salary voted to himself and he wouldn't be to willing to join up with another organization where this would be frowned upon. Flori said McHale was a well known lawyer and that was what we needed to make an impression -- therefore write him to get his views on working with us, and accepting a position on the National Board of Directors.

"Next came a discussion of absents from Board Meetings.

"Ammann pointed out that Ed Abshier had missed almost all of the meeting in the past months. Would it not be best to get someone who could attend meetings to serve on the board.

"Wolf said that Abshier's excuse for not attending was a pretty good one. He had a delicatessen and as every one knows this is a very demanding business. Imbo said he thought a notice should be sent to Abshier to see if he could somehow manage to attend. V.V. Vinyard then said John Hamilton should also be warned about missing meeting because this was his second absence in a row. Wolf said the constitution stated that a member could be dropped after three consecutive abentses and did not call for a warning. Ammann said letters of warning were just a social curtesy and although they may not be called for they would keep the organization working more smoothly.

[redacted] instructed [redacted] to make up a notification of the rule for attendance to be mailed to John Hamilton. Maybe this was the jolt he needed. [redacted] said [redacted] would write to [redacted]

[redacted] then said he would like to know what was to be done about the schools -- The negroes were in with whites at Grand and Park Avenue. [redacted] wanted to know how we could go about getting [redacted] kicked out.

[redacted] said that at present their main answer to the school situation was to get the independant school system set up. This was going to have to be accomplished through getting a charter from Jefferson City. Nothing was being said about it because if the opposition knew they were working on this they would be defeated. As soon as the charter came through all of the people who had signed up for a white school system would be notified of what was to be done.

[redacted] then brought out a letter from [redacted] and the Citizens Committee Against Floridation asking that the members of the National Citizens Protective Association be notified of this committee's work and of a meeting they were holding on Tuesday evening.

[redacted] made a motion that we work with this committee. The Board agreed.

[redacted] then asked how we were to work with this committee.

[redacted] said that he thought it best to do just as the committee suggested and send letters to our members. [redacted] objected to this because of the cost.

[redacted] said the letters would have to be mailed the next day -- that meant a lot of work. [redacted] said he thought it was worth the effort and the money to get some of these influential people interested in our organization. [redacted] said she thought it would do a lot more good to send a few people to the meeting who knew something about Floridation. [redacted] made a motion that a delegation be sent to the meeting to investigate the work of this committee. [redacted] objected to the use of the work investigate. [redacted] reworded his motion to say that a delegation of members with

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b7C

SL 100-10834

some knowledge of Floridation practices be sent to the meeting of the Citizens Committee Against Floridation. These people were to represent the membership of the N.C.P.A. Members suggested for this delegation were. [redacted], John Hamilton, [redacted] and [redacted]

"Next [redacted] told about a [redacted] who is a member of the St. Louis Chapter of the N.C.P.A. He had passed out literature to fellow employees at McDonnell Aircraft Corporation. And because of this he was called on the carpet and asked for the key to his locker. When the N.C.P.A. literature was found in his locker he was fired. His Union is filing a grievance. [redacted] wanted to know what the Board thought the organization should do for this man.

"We can make a martyr of him by putting out a leaflet telling the story and asking how far this "Thought Control" and Communistic practices were going to be allowed. These could be distributed right outside of the plant.

[redacted] made a motion that if [redacted] Union was unable to have him reinstated in his job, the N.C.P.A. should print a leaflet on this case."

The following are indexed:

[redacted];
Citizens Committee Against Floridation;
[redacted]

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

FD-128
(3-4-52)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-16867) DATE: 5/26/55

FROM : SAC, WFO (100-26356)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE, INC.
IS - X

The captioned individual has been the subject of a security investigation by this office. The XXXXXX Division has verified the permanent presence of the subject in its division as residing and working at the addresses listed below. The Baltimore Division is being considered the new office of origin, as per Bureau instructions 4/21/55.

Residence Address: _____

_____

Business Address: _____

_____

_____

Check the following applicable statements:

___ This individual has been the subject of a Communist Index Card.
___ This individual is the subject of a Security Index Card. (The Bureau is requested to make the appropriate changes in the Security Index at the Seat of Government. The _____ Division should affix the addresses reflected above and the appropriate case file number.)
___ This subject was tabbed for Detcom.
___ This subject was tabbed for Comsab.
___ This subject was carried as a Key Figure or Top Functionary.
___ Handwriting specimens have been furnished to the Bureau.
___ A photograph has been furnished to the Bureau.
___ A security flash notice has been placed with the Identification Division.

The following pertinent items are being forwarded to the new office of origin with its copies of this letter:

___ Security Index Cards

Serials (specify) (See attached page)

Enclosures 6

105-374-32

RBL:rls
(15)

R U C

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
JUN 3 1955
FBI - ST. LOUIS

cc: 1 to each _____ Division (Enc.)
listed on attached page

Copies of this form are being sent to the following Divisions inasmuch as they have had investigation concerning NAAWP in the past and it may be expected they will have future investigations:

1 - Baltimore (100-17756)(RM)(Encls. 10)
1 - Philadelphia (100-40527)(RM)
1 - New York (105-10017)(RM)
1 - Savannah (105-115)(RM)
1 - Miami (105-526)(RM)
1 - Atlanta (105-263)(RM)
1 - St. Louis (105-394)(RM)
1 - Charlotte (105-307)(RM)
1 - Memphis (RM)
1 - Chicago (RM)
1 - Richmond (RM)
1 - New Orleans (RM)

Enclosures to Bureau:

6 copies of report of SA RICHARD B. LAVIN dated 5/26/55 at Washington, D. C.

Enclosures to Baltimore:

3 copies of report of SA RICHARD B. LAVIN dated 5/26/55 at Washington, D. C.
1 copy of report of SA RICHARD B. LAVIN dated 10/4/54 at Washington, D. C.
1 copy of report of SA KENNERLY R. CORBETT dated 11/10/54 at Savannah.
1 copy of report of SE WILLIAM R. STRINGER dated 12/27/54 at St. Louis.
1 copy of report of SA KENNERLY R. CORBETT dated 12/29/54.
1 copy of Savannah letter to WFO 1/18/55.
1 copy of report of SA KENNERLY R. CORBETT dated 3/24/55.
1 copy of report of SA EDWARD P. MULLEN dated 4/8/55 at Charlotte.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :SAC, ST. LOUIS (100-10834) DATE: MAY 7 1956.

FROM :SA CARL R. O'CONNOR

SUBJECT: N.C.P.A.
IS - X

A reproduction of an eight page handwritten joint report [redacted] received by the writer by mail on January 20, 1956, from [redacted] and [redacted] who have both furnished reliable information, is as follows: b7D

"On Saturday evening, January 14, 1956, there was a meeting of the Board of the National Citizens Protective Association. This meeting was held at their office, 3154 a S. Grand Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

"Those present at the meeting were [redacted] John Hamilton, [redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] gave [redacted] $55 to deposit in the Building Fund. b6 b7C

"The meeting started at a few minutes after eight with the reading of the minutes. [redacted] asked that any mention of the "recording" of the conversation between Mr. Hamilton and [redacted] of Mississippi be taken out of the records. b6 b7C

1 - 100-10834

[redacted] b6 b7C b7D

1 - 100-12430 (J. Hamilton)

[redacted] b6 b7C

1 - 105-0-846 (Federation for Constitutional Govt.)
1 - 105-394 (N.A.A.W.P., Inc.)

CRO:jep
(12)

105-39433

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAY 7 1956
FBI — ST. LOUIS

b6
b7C

SL #100-10834

[redacted] then began to explain to the board that they had gotten a bid from a company who could set up the "White Sentinel" each month. They quoted a price of $12 per page or $96 each month for the 8 pages. Then printing would be extra. The estimate that they received for printing was $325 for $5000 copies.

[redacted] said when they spoke to the vari-typer salesman again they found out they could get a new machine for $1900. The payments will run about $71 per month or $25 per month less than it would cost to have some one else make up the "White Sentinel". This did not take in how much would be saved on all of the other material we print.

[redacted] said he had contacted most of the board and they thought it best to buy the machine.

"Hamilton said he thought we should have some action this evening to put it on record that the board approved this purchase. [redacted] made the motion which was seconded by Hamilton - that we should purchase a new vari-type machine for the office of the National Citizens Protective Association. Motion carried.

"Next [redacted] said we might as well get the sad tale about the housing petitions. Hamilton said they spoke to [redacted] and [redacted] of the Housing Authority and were very surprised when they heard that the Authority was not going to appeal.

[redacted] said [redacted] was sure getting results because St. Louis was picking up in membership. [redacted] said [redacted] is either hitting the right places or else using the right sales technique because he is really showing progress.

"Hamilton then gave a report on circulation. 23,000 copies of the White Sentinel, October 1955 issue were printed. 17,000 copies of November and 15,000 copies of December 1955. Hamilton said the January issue of the Newsletter had reached a high for newsletters 4500 copies. 1900 copies went to [redacted] in Mississippi.

"Hamilton said that from August 1st 1955 to December 31, 1955 they had distributed 205,000 pieces of literature. Each year they have been in operation the literature distribution has doubled.

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b7C

SL #100-10834

"Building Fund now has $1286. The phone will now be listed under the organizations name. It is to be a limited business line.

[redacted] gave the financial report. The balance is now 1888.10 And bills are paid to date.

[redacted] said we hadn't received an invitation to the meeting in Memphis, Tenn. of the Citizens for Constitutional Government. However, no one else had been invited either. This was a meeting of the organizors only.

"Hamilton had a large stack of new white supremecy newspapers and magazines. Many of they lifted whole articles out of the White Sentinel. Hamilton said he didn't know if this was good or bad.

[redacted] said it was a compliment that we were original and these others couldn't be.

"After some discussion it was decided to copyright the names White Sentinel and White America News Service as soon as possible. Hamilton had a letter from a man in Milford, Delaware who was in with a group of the National Association for the Advancement of White People. This gentleman is very interested in the White Sentinel. He wanted permission to distribute it to his group and place a stamp on it with their organizations name.

[redacted] said he thought it would be a good idea to allow them to distribute the papers. We would get some subscribers this way. Then later on we may be able to get this group to affiliate with us. Another man wrote from North Carolina asking to be state representative for us. He was at present with a State Rights Group.

"A man in Richmond, Virginia, had mailed a 29 page copy of their Community Chests defense of the Urban League.

"Hamilton said he wanted to make up a list of the cities in which the Community Chest supports the Urban League. He said many people in the south didn't believe the Chest was supporting the Urban League.

"A group in Montgomery, Alabama had ordered 10,000 copies of the White Sentinel to be used at a rally.

"Hamilton said they should try to get under [redacted] skin and to show him the petitions we have against housing and city hospital mixing of the races. The stack of petitions was impressive. There are almost 6000 signatures - but we'll claim 10,000. b6 b7C

"Hamilton placed a motion on the floor seconded by [redacted] that a selected group go before [redacted] to oppose race mixing in City Hospital. [redacted] insisted that it be a selected few because of the way some people embarassed us at the Alderman's meeting on Board Bill 93. b6 b7C

"Meeting adjourned".

On January 20, 1956, [redacted] orally advised SA O'CONNOR that "Citizens for Constitutional Government" referred to above was believed to be identical with Federation for Constitutional Government. He advised that man in Milford, Delaware; man in North Carolina as well as his "States Rights Group"; man in Richmond, Virginia; and group in Montgomery, Alabama, were not further identified. b7D

Interested offices have been advised by letter and by St. Louis report dated January 27, 1956, instant caption, of pertinent information appearing above.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, CHICAGO

DATE: 10/1/63

FROM: SAC, INDIANAPOLIS (157-88)

100-10834-315 p. 6-44, 48
100-12688-81 p 55
105-394 #

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE (NAAWP)
RACIAL MATTERS - INDIANAPOLIS DIVISION

Captain RAY HAHN, Chief of Detectives, Gary, Indiana Police Department, advised on 9/19/63, that DALE BAXTER, 4136 Tyler Street, Gary, Indiana, has been appointed Area Director of the NAAWP of the States of Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Missouri. This appointment was made by the national board of the NAAWP.

WILLIAM A. MACKOWIAK, 3316 Pennsylvania Street, Gary, Indiana, has been appointed Regional Director for the State of Indiana.

FRANK SUTFIN, 11057 Southwestern Avenue, Evergreen Park, Illinois, has been appointed Regonal Director for the State of Illinois.

National Office of NAAWP is situated in Cincinnati, Ohio. WILLIAM MILLER of Cincinnati is National Director of NAAWP.

Above is submitted for your information.

2 - Chicago
2 - Springfield
2 - St. Louis
2 - Kansas City
2 - Detroit
2 - Cincinnati
1 - Indianapolis
GTR/bab
(13)

105-394-34
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
OCT 4 - 1963
FBI — ST. LOUIS

SAC Chicago 10/31/63

SAC Indianapolis 157-88

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE (NAAWP)
RACIAL MATTERS.

DALE BAXTER of Gary, Indiana, Executive Area Director of NAAWP for Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Missouri, announced in Gary on 10/21/63 that he and SHIRLEY MACKOWIAK, Assistant Area Director, have resigned as officers in the NAAWP.

They cited disunity, playing of politics, disintegration of the organization into a "social group" and interest "more monetary than in the cause of good government" as the reasons for their actions.

WILLIAM MACKOWIAK, Regional Director for Indiana, JAMES MC NEAL, Assistant Regional Director for Indiana, and ROSEMARY BLAKER, Secretary of the Gary Chapter of NAAWP also resigned for same reasons.

The resignations were announced in a letter to Mrs. P. L. ROTTE, Cincinnati, Ohio, a national officer of NAAWP.

WILLIAM EVERETT continues to be president of the Gary Chapter. EDWARD MC GUIRE is treasurer of the Gary NAAWP.

Above is submitted for information of CG, SI, SL, DE, and CI, as it concerns change of leadership of NAAWP within their territories.

2 - Chicago
2 - Springfield
2 - St. Louis
2 - Detroit
2 - Cincinnati
1 - Indianapolis
GTR/mqc
11

Consolidated
1-28-72

105-394-36

SEARCHED ..... INDEXED .....
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NOV 1 1963
FBI — ST. LOUIS

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF WHITE PEOPLE 105-394*

AUG 52 100-10834-44,48,

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT AND PROTECTION OF THE MAJORITY OF THE WHITE PEOPLE 2-55 100-10834-315 p.6

(3-55) 100-12688-81p.55

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 10-1-59)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 10-1-63

Subject NAAWP

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling
☐ All References
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only
☐ Subversive References Only
☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only
☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
☐ Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks

Requested by	Squad	Extension	File No.

Searched by lee 10-1-63 (date)

Consolidated by (date)

Reviewed by (date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference